

# THE JERUSALEM POST

Absorption  
circulation  
Page 2

Price: IL3.50  
(including VAT)

DAY, OCTOBER 19, 1977 • KESHVAN 7, 5738 • ZILKAPADAH 6, 1397 • VOL. XLVII, No. 14143

## Washington seen moving towards amendments' in working paper

By ANAN RAFAEL  
Middle East Affairs Editor

Washington sources here yesterday said that the U.S. is moving the formulation of a new "working paper" that would bridge the gap between Israeli and Arab positions on the procedures for ending the Middle East peace process before the end of the year.

The U.S. is still in the process of assembling the views of the various parties on the issues involved in the peace process. The U.S. is still engaged in the process of narrowing the gap between the various positions, one of which is the working paper with Foreign Minister Dayan earlier this month.

The U.S. has not yet decided its deliberations with Arab capitals over the American-Israeli working

paper. Sources here said that the U.S. was formulating a new document, which would be a working paper. The document would be a working paper, which would be a working paper. The document would be a working paper, which would be a working paper.

### miss mat?

(UPI) — The conservative newspaper "The Jerusalem Post" yesterday alleged that the Liberation Organization leader Arafat had narrowly escaped an assassination attempt. The report, which was widely denied, said Arafat had been in a car when a bomb exploded nearby. The report also said that Arafat had been injured and that the bomb had been planted by a group of extremists.

## confirms Israel's right to reject PLO

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

TON — The U.S. and Israel did, in fact, draft a joint statement of minutes of Foreign Minister Dayan's meeting with President Jimmy Carter and Secretary of State Vance yesterday. The statement confirmed Israel's right to reject PLO participation in Geneva peace talks.

Extensive diplomatic exchanges between the U.S. State Department spokesman and Dayan acknowledged yesterday that his statement that no such agreement between Israel and Jerusalem had been reached was not

## Brzezinski stands by 'leverage' statement

WOLF BLATZBERG  
Post Correspondent

TON — National security adviser Zbigniew Brzezinski yesterday stood by his earlier statement that the U.S. has the right to "leverage" its position to encourage Israel to accept a settlement with the Palestinians.

### ner's proposal ding radio discussed

JUDY SIEGEL  
Post Reporter

Jerusalem — Broadcasting Authority's directors met in emergency session yesterday to discuss a proposal by Education Minister Dayan to end the radio broadcast of the three Israeli radio stations.

The committee and the Broadcasting Authority are now discussing the proposal. The committee is made up of representatives from the Broadcasting Authority, the Education Ministry, and the Knesset. The committee is expected to make a decision on the proposal by the end of the month.

### Sadat warns he'll boycott Geneva.

POST Middle East Editor

President Sadat last night warned that Egypt would boycott the Geneva Middle East conference if it were based on a formula contravening the Arab national rights.

Speaking to Egyptian newsmen, Sadat said that the Arabs were adamant in their demands for total Israeli withdrawal to the pre-1967 frontiers and for the creation of a Palestinian state in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip.

The same dispatches, which remain unconfirmed, also suggested

that the Americans are advocating the discussion of the future of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip by two separate Israeli-Jordanian and Israeli-Egyptian teams, which would exclude Palestinians from these territories and outside them.

The American revision of the original working paper was reported to have emerged in the course of Washington's extensive deliberations with the Arabs. The Arabs have said they have "strong reservations" concerning the bulk of the clauses outlined between U.S. leaders and Foreign Minister Dayan.

The speed with which the Americans have set about tackling the gaps between the Arabs and Israel is seen by observers as characterizing what President Carter had earlier described as his Administration's "determined" determination to make progress toward a Middle East peace "by end of this year."

The latest U.S. moves toward the formulation of a final working paper are, significantly, being made independently of the Soviet Union, which co-chairs the Geneva conference with the U.S. The Americans have been careful to make their moves in the region independently ever since the recent U.S.-Soviet joint Middle East policy statement, which Israel rejected. The Arabs, including Syria also queried several clauses in the statement.

Meanwhile, late reports from Cairo said that Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul-Halim Khaddam was expected to deliver a message from President Hafez Assad to Egyptian President Anwar Sadat. Khaddam has already been to Jordan, where he conveyed a similar message to King Hussein.

The Syrian Foreign Minister's visits are part of the extensive process of consultations the neighbouring Arab "confrontation" states are conducting among themselves as well as with the PLO over what Cairo's semi-official "al-Ahram" newspaper termed "amendments" which the Americans were introducing into the Geneva working paper.

President Sadat yesterday conferred with PLO chief Yasser Arafat apparently on the question of Palestinian representation at Geneva.

Secretary Vance confirmed that it remains our position that any new participant in the Geneva conference must be agreed to by all the original parties.

He said that Israel, "like the other parties, therefore, has a right to object to any new participants," and he added that "in this connection, we have been fully informed of Israel's objection to the participation of the PLO."

The carefully-drafted U.S. statement implied that the U.S. does not necessarily agree with the Israeli position, but accepts Israel's right to use its veto and block the PLO's presence at Geneva.

Israeli officials here were satisfied yesterday by the spokesman's statement confirming the existence of the agreed-upon set of minutes regarding that portion of the Carter-Dayan talks dealing with PLO participation at Geneva.

## B.G. Airport closure part of regular civil defence drill

Post Military Correspondent

A series of civil defence exercises will be held across the country tomorrow and will involve also an unprecedented seven-hour closure of Israel to scheduled air traffic.

Walter Mondals in making this point.

Brzezinski, who has come under some criticism here for his earlier remarks on the use of "leverage," said that it would be wrong "psychologically and morally" to threaten Israel's "sense of security" at a time when Israel was being asked to negotiate a settlement.

He predicted that such a threat — whether made directly or indirectly — would have "devastating political consequences" on the negotiations.

Brzezinski also said that "one cannot forget what has happened in the last 30 or 40 years" — an obvious reference to the murder of six million Jews during the Holocaust.

When pressed to state specifically whether the U.S. might exert some slight pressure on Israel by cutting U.S. aid programmes, Brzezinski replied that he would not answer "hypothetical questions."

He said that all U.S.-Israel economic and military aid programmes are negotiated bilaterally. These negotiations "are conducted in good faith and will be conducted in good faith," he added.

Brzezinski said that "he stands by his earlier remarks on 'leverage,'" made during an interview with Canadian Television, because the

# Bonn jubilant over rescue; Baader kills self in prison

West Germany yesterday celebrated two major setbacks to the country's urban terrorist movement — the freeing of all 86 hostages from a hijacked Lufthansa airliner in Somalia and the suicide of three leaders of the extremist Baader-Meinhof gang in Stuttgart prison.

The West German government met in special session to discuss the developments, as pilots' associations around the world threatened a 48-hour strike to begin next Tuesday to back demands for action against air piracy.

Meanwhile, there was still no news as of last night of the fate of kidnapped West German industrialist Hanns-Martin Schleyer. His captors had

threatened to murder him if the hijackers' demands were not met. Schleyer was abducted six weeks ago, and the last communication from his kidnappers came on Sunday. A West German spokesman last night said Schleyer's fate was still unknown.

Nevertheless, there was supreme relief among the West German public following the daring rescue act at Mogadishu airport in which three of the four hijackers were killed. Churches throughout the country announced they would hold thanksgiving services last night. Television and radio stations put out special programmes giving details of the day's events.

## 4 jailed terrorists join apparent suicide pact

BOON — Three of West Germany's most notorious terrorists committed suicide yesterday after the hijacking to gain their release was foiled. The Bonn government warned the deaths may lead to more terrorist bloodshed.

Officials said Andreas Baader, 34, and his girlfriend, Gudrun Ensslin, 37, were found dead in their cells at a maximum security prison near Stuttgart. Jan-Carl Raspe, 33, was rushed to a hospital where he died soon afterward, officials said.

A fourth terrorist, Krister Moeller, 30, attempted suicide by stabbing himself in the chest with a breadknife. She was flown by helicopter to a hospital in Tuebingen, where she was reported out of danger.

The three dead terrorists were sentenced on April 28 to life imprisonment for a string of terror attacks, including the 1972 bombings at U.S. Army posts in Heidelberg and Frankfurt in which four American servicemen were killed.

Moeller is awaiting trial on charges stemming from the Heidelberg bombing. Baader, Ensslin, Raspe and Moeller were among 11 jailed West German terrorists whose release was demanded by hijackers of a Lufthansa jet and the kidnapping of industrialist Hanns-Martin Schleyer.

Trautott Bender, Justice Minister of Baden-Wuerttemberg, said Raspe and Baader shot themselves in the head with pistols and Ensslin hanged herself from her window bars.

The prisoners' cells had been searched "almost daily" since the industrialist was kidnapped in Cologne on September 5, the Minister added.

He said Raspe, a 33-year-old sociologist, was found lying in his cell shortly after dawn. A 9mm. pistol by his side. He was taken to hospital where he died two hours later.

Another revolver, calibre 7.65mm., was discovered beside the body of Baader, 34-year-old figurehead of the group which grew out of West Germany's radical student movement in the late 1960s and became a byword for urban terror.

Ulrike Meinhof, a co-founder of the group, was found hanged in her cell in the same jail in May 1976 after evidently taking her own life in exactly the same way as Ensslin.

Officials were unable to say who could have smuggled the two prison guns with which Baader and Raspe killed themselves.

The Minister said he could not exclude the possibility that Baader, Raspe and Ensslin had been informed of the dramatic rescue at Mogadishu by some of the other 800 inmates of the jail who could have heard the news on radio sets.

Ensslin's lawyer, Otto Schily, said in West Berlin that defence attorneys did not rule out the possibility

ty that the three guerrillas had not died by their own hands. The theory of a suicide pact had been put in serious question by doubts on where Baader and Raspe had obtained the guns, the lawyer said.

Back in Bonn, the Federal government promised a thorough investigation of the deaths.

Meanwhile, the storming of the hijacked jet brought widespread praise yesterday for West Germany — notably from Israel, which staged its own spectacular rescue of hijack hostages in Uganda last year.

Prime Minister Menachem Begin said in a cable to West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt that the rescue by West Germany was "indeed a salvation in which all free men rejoice."

Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan

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Freed hostages of the hijacked Lufthansa airliner landing at Frankfurt airport yesterday. (AP radiophoto)

## DMC to decide today on coalition talks

By JOSHUA HELLER

Jerusalem Post Political Reporter

The leaders of the Democratic Movement for Change are this morning expected to decide whether to renew coalition negotiations as a growing number of party members support joining the Likud-led Government.

The DMC's executive committee and secretariat — its forum authorized to resume negotiations — will meet in Jerusalem at nine o'clock this morning.

DMC leaders Shmuel Tamir and Amnon Rubinstein went to Ben-Gurion Airport yesterday to meet party leader Yigael Yadin who returned from a 12-day visit to the U.S. Tamir, who had conducted informal talks with Likud leader Finance Minister Simcha Ehrlich, briefed Yadin but the DMC leader told reporters he would not answer questions on this matter before studying the situation.

Meanwhile National Religious Party leaders met Prime Minister Menachem Begin and Ehrlich yesterday morning. In the 45-minute meeting in Begin's office, Education Minister Ze'evulun Hammer, Religious Affairs Minister Aharon Abutahelra and the chairman of the Knesset faction Yehuda Ben Meir recommended a Likud-NRP-DMC committee to discuss electoral reform. Earlier coalition talks had failed partly because of differences on the number of regions. The NRP wanted six regions, Begin suggested

10 and the DMC insisted on 16.

The Likud and the DMC did not bridge their differences in their recent informal talks, Likud sources reported. Begin expects the initiative for resuming the negotiations to come from the DMC, and Likud MK Avraham Shafir ex-

(Continued on page 2, col. 6)

## MDA may come in from the cold

TEL AVIV (Him) — Israel's Magen David Adom first aid organization may come in from the cold as far as the International Red Cross is concerned. A special committee just formed comes up with a solution to the emblem problem, MDA chairman Ron Rozin reported on his return yesterday from the Red Cross congress in Bucharest.

Israel participated as an observer because the Red Magen David is not a recognized emblem, and this had prevented the MDA from joining as a full member. The only recognized emblems are the red cross, the red crescent, and the red lion and sun of Iran.

One proposal put to the special committee would have a symbol without religious significance chosen as the international emblem, which would clear the way for Israel's entry. The committee will also decide whether to recognize additional emblems.

## Bonn appeal halts TV report

A hurried appeal to Israel Television from the West German Government stopped further broadcast of a news item last night that a plane with a German commando force had landed in Mogadishu, Somalia with the intention of freeing the hijacked Lufthansa passengers.

The report originated from the TV's radio monitor, Michael Gurdus, who had listened in to exchanges between the plane and headquarters in Germany. The news item was broadcast on the 9 o'clock Mabat newsreel and caused immediate consternation in the German emergency headquarters, which had hoped to keep the whereabouts of the plane a secret. As soon as Israel TV was con-

tacted it agreed not to carry the report on its next newscast and the radio news was also told not to carry the item.

No foreign news medium managed to track down the location of the commando plane, even though a source at the Broadcasting Authority said that any radio "ham" could have picked up the exchanges in German between the plane and its headquarters.

Jerusalem Mayor Teddy Kolek yesterday sharply criticized Israel TV for broadcasting the location of the plane, saying, in a letter to the authority, that the report could have unwittingly endangered human lives and helped the criminal aims of the terrorists. (Him)



Naga soldiers evacuating "wounded" civilians from this floodlit building in a massive civil defence exercise in Jerusalem last night. (Rahamim Yisraeli)

## Pilots threaten strike unless UN takes action on air piracy

LONDON — Pilots from European airlines, spearheaded by those in Britain and Scandinavia, supported the call yesterday for a 48-hour general strike next week to pressure the UN into declaring anti-hijack measures.

The strike call, issued by the president of the International Federation of Airline Pilots' Association, (Iaifa) Derry Pearce, said that the association would "cease commercial take-offs" for a 48-hour period beginning at noon GMT next Tuesday.

Scandinavian pilots associations, representing some 1,300 fliers in Sweden, Norway and Denmark, immediately announced they would back the strike.

Pilots of 64 member countries have until Sunday to give a commitment to the Iaifa strike call. The association represents 55,000 pilots.

In Montreal, El Al pilot Arich Oz, chairman of the Israeli Pilots Association, said he would support the strike.

"We favour any action against hijacking," Oz said. "I won't be making the decision, but I hope we'll have a favourable vote."

## Pilot killed after escape attempt

Hostages released from the hijacked Lufthansa aircraft told reporters last night how the captain of the plane was murdered by the terrorists, Israel Radio reported.

Capt. Joergen Schumann had received permission to leave the aircraft to check its landing gear in Aden. Once outside, he tried to make a break for it and got as far as the control tower. But the Aden authorities arrested him, and turned him over to the terrorists in the plane.

The West German Pilots Union, who had a member pilot killed in the Lufthansa hijacking, said it would announce its decision on the strike call within the next two days.

Iaifa stressed last night in London that if its demand were met — for a special UN General Assembly debate on hijacking — there would be no strike.

"We are confident that UN Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim will agree that there must be such a debate" an Iaifa spokesman said. (UPI, Reuters)

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FOR HER: We have just received beautiful collections of pants suits, skirts and matching blouses from Paris and New York. The new Francoise Valentino winter line of blouses and suits.



for the Consul General  
allevy adam  
Tel Aviv Alon Square, Kar Shanyahu

THE WEATHER

Forecast: Partly cloudy with local rain.

Yesterday's Humidity	Yesterday's Min-Max	Today's Max
Jerusalem	17-18	17
Golan	12-17	16
Nahariya	17-24	24
Safed	11-14	16
Haifa Port	18-22	24
Tiberias	17-20	25
Nazareth	16-19	19
Afula	16-22	24
Shomron	13-17	17
Tel Aviv	17-22	24
B-C Airport	18-23	24
Jericho	16-27	28
Gaza	16-23	24
Beerseheba	15-23	24
Elilat	15-23	24
Tiran Straits	20-27	28

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

President Ephraim Katzir yesterday received Mr. Jose Ramon Lopez Portillo Romano, son of the Mexican president.

Mr. Portillo later visited the Technion where he was greeted by its president, Amos Horov.

Knesset Speaker Yitzhak Shamir yesterday met with Johannes Rau, Minister of Higher Education and speaker of the Social Democratic Party in North Rhine Westphalia.

Finance Minister Simcha Ehrlich met yesterday with the new German Ambassador to Israel, Mr. Klaus Schuetz. They discussed the minister's planned visit to Germany on December 1.

Prof. Lise Ostergaard, a minister in the Danish Government and former chairman of the Danish Refugee Council, will be guest of honor at the dedication ceremony of a language laboratory at the Orit School, Givatayim, today at 11 a.m. Also participating will be Mr. Sven Ebbesen, the Danish Ambassador, Mr. M. Braude, World Director of Orit, Mr. Kula Kreisman, Mayor of Givatayim, and Mr. M. Avitzour, Israel Director of Orit. Language laboratories which are used as aids in the absorption and training of new immigrants have been set up at the Orit School in Givatayim and at a school in Afula, with the assistance of Prof. Ostergaard.

(Communicated)

Prof. Ostergaard, yesterday called on Labour Party chairman Shimon Peres.

The Sir Isaac Wolfson Centre for Talimudic Studies at the Hebrew University of Jerusalem, was dedicated yesterday in a ceremony on the Givat Ram Campus, in the presence of Sir Isaac, British Ambassador John Mason, Education Minister Zevulun Hammer, University President Avraham Harman and the head of the Talimud Department, Prof. Avraham Goldberg, took part. The Centre, endowed by the Edith and Isaac Wolfson Charitable Trust, was dedicated to coincide with Sir Isaac's 80th birthday celebrated recently.

Sir Charles Clore was honoured by Tel Aviv policemen yesterday for his contribution of IL250,000 for the purchase of an air conditioning unit for Beit Eshkol.

Mr. Pasquale Broid, an architect, will speak on the New Municipal Stadium at Shuafat at the weekly meeting of the Jerusalem Rotary Club at the YMCA, at 1 p.m. today.

Prof. Yosef Ron, MK, will speak (in Hebrew) on "The Organization of the New Government," at the Herta Rotary Club, Not Hotel, at 1 p.m. today.

Prof. Zer-Kavod dead at 76

HAIFA (Jtm). — Mordechai Zer-Kavod, Professor of Bible at Bar-Ilan University, died here yesterday at the age of 76.

He immigrated from Germany in 1937, and taught at the Herta school and at the teachers college in Rehov. He was one of the founders of the Bar-Ilan University and president of its Bible Society. The funeral will leave at 2.30 p.m. today from the Eliahu Hanavi synagogue in Ahuzat for the New Cemetery.

To mark the 4th anniversary of the death of our beloved sons and friends who fell in action

NISSIM (Vadri) AMIHAI  
EYTAN LAHAV  
JONATHAN GOLKER  
MEIR SCHWARZMAN

we will gather to cherish their memory on Thursday, October 20, 1977, meeting at the graves at 4 p.m. A commemorative ceremony will be held at 9 p.m. in the dining hall.

Kibbutz Beit Ha'emek and the Families

The Manufacturers Association of Israel, Jerusalem branch

mourns the sudden passing of

FERRY FRIEDMAN

one of the pioneers and builders of industry in Jerusalem and conveys condolences to the family.

The funeral will leave Sanhedria Funeral Parlour today, October 19, 1977, at 1 p.m. for Sanhedria Cemetery.

# Keshet, ex-MK, named absorption ombudsman

By JUDY SIEGEL  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Absorption Minister David Levy has appointed Benzion Keshet, a former Herut MK and deputy speaker of the Knesset, as the new ministry ombudsman to investigate complaints from immigrants.

Keshet, who started in the full-time job on Monday, has been authorised to investigate all grievances against the ministry or its employees and recommend to the minister and director-general what action should be taken to correct justified complaints.

"I want the alien to be treated as a human being, an individual," Keshet told reporters in Levy's office yesterday. "If there is an injustice, I want to prevent it from giving a bad name to the rest of our employees."

The new ombudsman, who conferred with State Comptroller Yitzhak Nebenzahl after accepting the position, said he will also try to untangle bureaucratic difficulties of olim who complain about the Jewish Agency and other ministries and will refer olim, when necessary, to the right place to get help.

The former Knesset deputy speaker has been a champion of increased aliyah and in 1972 criticised the lack of coordination among the ministries and the Agency in work regarding olim. In 1975 he called for the resignation of then Agency Executive chairman Pinhas Sapir.



Benzion Keshet

who "had no right to predict an annual immigration figure of 100,000 and then blame world Jewry and Israelis for not living up to that forecast."

Levy, who has been fighting for the future of his ministry (its abolition has been suggested by Finance Minister Simcha Ehrlich and Jewish Agency treasurer Arye Dulin, both of the Liberal Party) announced other accomplishments of his four months in office.

As a result of a *de facto* arrange-

ment with the Treasury, all new immigrants entitled to housing benefits now receive their mortgage papers from the Absorption Ministry within "three or four days" of their application, Levy said, compared to the weeks and months in the past. (Immigrants confirmed this for The Jerusalem Post, stating that indeed the ministry had cut red tape and radically shortened the mortgage process.)

Levy also reported that immigrant families settling in Jerusalem or recognized development areas can now receive from IL135,000 to IL175,000 as a mortgage (depending on family size) plus a IL40,000 additional loan on less favourable terms, compared to the IL135,000 limit to which they once were entitled. In addition, the set limit on the cost of an apartment in order to get a ministry mortgage has been cancelled for flats in development towns.

The government has approved the ministry's request that 150 immigrant scientists be employed in state research and development posts — jobs that would not be affected by the government job freeze. Seventy-five of the positions will be filled in the current fiscal year. Levy also announced that any immigrant found qualified for a government job, whether a professional or non-academic, does not have to apply to an external tender to get the position.

The Absorption Ministry has just

completed a computerization of the file of all new immigrants, with the information bank located in Jerusalem.

The minister said he expects to meet with Prime Minister Menachem Begin "in a few days" in order to bear the premier's position on the future of the ministry.

Referring to calls by Ehrlich and Dulin for its abolition (he did not name them), Levy said it was annoying to bear such constant declarations. While recognizing that political considerations influence policy, Levy said he hoped the fate of aliyah and immigrants would be decided on their own merits and not by the relative powers of each party in the Likud.

The Agency has "never proved" that it can handle olim better than the government, Levy continued. He voiced his support for a proposal by Prof. Yosef Ron, a Likud member of the Knesset's aliyah and absorption committee, that a supreme council headed by the premier be formed to coordinate all bodies that deal with olim. Under the proposal, the Absorption Ministry would continue to exist and its "Minister for Aliyah, Absorption and the Jewish People" would head a functioning state aliyah and absorption authority. This idea opposes the recommendations of the Horov Report, which specified that a supreme authority should be controlled by the Agency and that the ministry should be abolished.

## Knesset votes to delay Chief Rabbinate poll

By MOSHE KOHN  
Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The Knesset yesterday passed on its first reading a bill postponing the Chief Rabbinate elections by "up to one year" from the day the bill becomes law.

The bill extends the terms of the incumbent Chief Rabbis and Chief Rabbinate Council for the same period. Their terms expire today, just five years after they were elected.

The bill was referred to the House Committee, which is to decide whether to send it to the Interior and Environmental Quality Committee, as suggested by the Alignment's Shlomo Hillel and others, or to the Constitution, Legislation and Law Committee, as the government wishes, for action before being brought back to the plenary for its two final readings.

The bill was passed by the votes of the Likud, National Religious Party and Samuel Flatto-Sharon. Some members of the Democratic Movement for Change, all the Agudat Yisrael members, Poalei Agudat Yisrael's Kaiman, Kahana, the Independent Liberals' Gideon Hausner, and the Citizens Rights Movement's Shulamit Aloni voted against. Other DMG members and all the Alignment members present abstained.

In presenting the bill, Religious Affairs Minister Aharon Abutzeira said this ministry had already set the election machinery in motion. However, more than six months were needed to complete the process and hold the elections, and even then only "provided that we overcome various obstacles facing the elections committee."

Furthermore, he said, the period stipulated in the bill would give the government and the Knesset time to consider various proposals "for correcting the situation in the Chief Rabbinate." Except to say that he was aware of "the troubled state of the internal relations within the Chief Rabbinate," Abutzeira did not spell out the details of those "obstacles" and that "situation."

The spelling out was done by all the other speakers in the debate (except the minister's NRP comrade, Yehuda Ben Meir). All the others attacked either the bill, for its retroactivity when it finally becomes law, or the very institution of the Chief Rabbinate; or the way it has been functioning in recent years; or all three.

Menachem Porush, of the Agudat Yisrael party, used the occasion to deliver a vitriolic attack on Ashkenazi Chief Rabbi Goren and an impassioned defence of Sephardi Chief Rabbi Ovadia Yosef. Giving example after example of what he considered the former's displeasing conduct and the latter's greatness, Porush asked: "Do you expect us to vote for an extension of the term of the likes of Rabbi Goren, whose rulings are not held by our great sages to be valid halachic rulings?"

The Alignment's Haim Zadok led off the debate by blaming Abutzeira for having set the process in motion early enough for the elections to be held "more or less on schedule." He said the Alignment would therefore abstain on the first reading, but implied it might support the bill in its final readings if it came back from committee accompanied

by government-supported proposals for action to correct the present "horrifying situation" in the Chief Rabbinate.

One corrective action called for by Zadok and other speakers is the abolition of the dual rabbinate: instead there would be a Chief Rabbi and a President of the Rabbinical High Court, with the two men elected possibly alternating in these posts. Meir Pail (Shelli) and Aloni thought this was a good opportunity to let our "papacy," which in any case was contrary to Jewish tradition, die a natural death; to separate religion and state; and to return to the Jewish tradition and let each local community — including those of Reform and Conservative Jews — choose its own rabbi.

Chalka Grossman (Alignment-Mapam) said, in reply to remarks by Porush, that so long as religious institutions backed by secular law continued to interfere in the private affairs of the country's citizens, the latter — "even sinners like me" — had the right and duty to speak up and act on the subject.

The last speaker in the debate before Abutzeira replied, the NRP's Yehuda Ben Meir, said he would not reply to the "disgraceful" attacks on the Chief Rabbinate. True, these were problems that had to be solved, but this was not the first time that Chief Rabbis were "questioned with each other." And the position of the Chief Rabbis was no different from the position of the Chief Justices of the Supreme Court, just as the year's postponement of the local-authority elections had not resulted in disaster to democracy or government.

Abutzeira closed the discussion by saying that the troubled state of the Chief Rabbinate was "no cause for a general broadside attack on religious Jewry."

As for the postponement of the elections, he criticised Zadok — as Porush had earlier done — for not having set the machinery in motion when he held the Religious Affairs portfolio during the last half-year of the Rabin government.

## Knesset pressmen go phoneless

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

All 15 telephones in the Knesset press section stayed out of commission yesterday for the sixth day running but the Communications Ministry's telephone department ignored repeated requests to effect repairs.

The parliamentary press corps went out for editorial offices last Thursday during the special session, and "16" the repairs section, was informed the same day from a phone elsewhere in the building.

Similar messages were again sent on Monday as well as yesterday. A detailed telegram was also despatched yesterday to the telephone department, by the head of Knesset maintenance, requesting immediate repairs, but to no avail.

## Black Americans rap UN envoy Young

TEL AVIV (Jtm). — "We were shocked to hear U.S. Ambassador to the UN Andrew Young declare that aid to Israel did not advance peace in the Middle East," a spokesman for the 15-member delegation of black leaders belonging to the American Blacks for Israel Committee said yesterday as the party left from Ben-Gurion Airport after a ten-day visit as guests of the Foreign Ministry.

The group was headed by veteran civil rights leader Bayard Rustin, director of the organization. The delegation met with Interior Minister Yosef Burg during their visit and discussed the problem of the Black Hebrews in Dimona. The group also met former premier Golda Meir and Shimon Peres.

## Supreme Court dismisses Asher Yadin's appeal

The Supreme Court yesterday dismissed Asher Yadin's appeal against the severity of his five-year prison sentence for accepting bribes and making a false tax declaration.

In upholding the Tel Aviv District Court's ruling, the court stressed the extremely corrosive effect the behaviour of the former Kapat Holim chief had had on public morale, and pointed out the need to impose sufficiently severe penalties to deter such actions — particularly by public servants of Yadin's rank — in the future.

Yadin, who in addition to heading the Hahadrot sick fund was Cabinet nominee for Governor of the Bank of Israel, was convicted earlier this year for accepting bribes totalling IL140,000 between the years 1973 and 1976. He was also convicted of evading a tax payment of IL135,000 on a flat he had sold, receiving five years in prison and a IL230,000 fine for the tax offence, and a concurrent six-month sentence and a IL20,000 fine for the second.

In his appeal to the Supreme Court, Yadin's lawyer Shlomo Toussia-Cohen repeated his defence that the money received in bribes had not gone into his client's pockets, but into the coffers of the Labour Party. He also claimed that press coverage of the trial had made it impossible for his client to receive a

fair hearing. Justices Yosef Shupran, Ben-Porat and Meir Shamir, each took three dissenting votes. The court from a legal standpoint little differences where the money ended up. From a standpoint, they held, the not illegally gained money or laundered once it found its way into the party had to be quashed. They also dismissed the press coverage had precluded a fair trial, pointing out that it had been warned to exercise restraint, and that Yadin's relatives had not refrained from full part in the pre-trial debate.

"The public interest in the phenomenon that undermines the request of the public, against a transgression, should be taken into account, and should be a measure of leniency. We doubt that it will be possible to eradicate the death phenomena affecting our society less the courts give decisive ambiguous expression to the mission to gouge out the thorn than by passing down deterrent sentences" — it concluded. (Jtm)

## GPO chief denies newsman 'brainwash' allegations

By ASHER WALFISH  
Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

An Israeli correspondent for a number of foreign news media has reportedly accused the new director of the Government Press Office, Ze'ev Hefetz, of planning to "vigilate the files of foreign journalists, and to brainwash those who do not write according to the government line."

The charges were revealed in a parliamentary question tabled by the CRM's Shulamit Aloni to Premier Menachem Begin, in which Aloni quoted the charges of correspondent Ted Levitt at their face value.

According to Aloni, Hefetz told Levitt at a cocktail party that he planned to engage briefing officers to keep a check on what foreign pressmen were writing, and call them in for a clarification if they depicted developments in a negative light.

Hefetz, however, to Jerusalem Post that charges were "non-sensical," having been concocted of pious after Levi's protest against the Government Office were not accepted. Hefetz stated that in his chat with Levitt he had not mentioned that he would like to have foreign journalists with no material facilities and with humiliating background briefings which they were pieced over.

Hefetz said it was part of his job to know what foreign papers were writing about Israel, but charges about inviolating the medium of the media were "offensive" and "ridiculous."

Hefetz said Levitt described him as a former spokesman of Herut, to which in fact never belonged.

## Evron tells Knesset committee: Poll shows rise in U.S. public's support for Israel

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

A recent survey carried out in the U.S. on behalf of Israel showed that the American public's support for this country, as opposed to that of Congress or the Administration, had edged higher rather than slipped. Ephraim Evron, director-general of the Foreign Ministry, said this in the Foreign Affairs and Defence Committee yesterday. Evron was appearing in place of Minister Moshe Dayan to brief the committee on overseas information programmes. (Dayan has said he would appear before the committee only when he felt he should do so, and not when the committee invited him.)

Evron said the public opinion survey had not yet been made public. The Foreign Ministry would largely gear its information programmes to certain target groups of "opinion-

makers" in the U.S., to generate, he said. Evron said that overreaction could be carried out and other voluntary bodies only by the Foreign Ministry. One of the committee members present at the Jerusalem Post later: "Evron has said a thing like it Shmuel Katz was put in the information at the Prime's Office." (Katz has a run with the Foreign Ministry direction of overseas information.)

On Dayan's refusal to a committee session, the DMK yesterday demanded a meeting of the House Committee to discuss the Foreign Ministry's declaration of a minister, and that the minister who so refused to apologize.

## U.S.-Israel ties rest on solid basis Grossman tells U.S. legislators

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

Deputy Knesset Speaker Chalka Grossman yesterday told legislators from 15 U.S. states that the common values and ideals shared by Israel and their country were a source of confidence that — despite the differences of opinion and the occasional searching debates between the two countries — the ties of amity rested on a solid basis. She was greeting the legislators, who sat in the VIP gallery at the start of the afternoon session.

In the second item on the agenda of the session, Avraham Katz (Likud)

reported on the Knesset's to the Inter-Parliamentary meeting in Sofia, Bulgaria, noted that the delegation had some of the damage caused by previous session in C. Australia. The Knesset delegation then, because of the session, he said, and a declaration of the House of Representatives, the two votes, the waters which have been supplied by Israel, been there.

The lesson, Katz said, absence from such intimate forums can be a costly affair.

## DMC to decide

(Continued from page one)

plained that "we would have invited them if we thought we had something to offer."

The DMC may reverse its decision to remain in the opposition for the following reasons:

- Begin plans to present to the Knesset, on Monday, his candidates for the three ministries hitherto held for the DMC. The party's stance, joining the coalition at a later date would thus decline.
- Some DMC members are deeply concerned with the social situation and they say they believe the Likud Government is not giving the matter the proper attention and Herut's candidates for the Social Betarim portfolio would not prevent a social upheaval.
- Several DMC leaders were heartened by the Government's policies concerning the Geneva conference. Begin proved more flexible than he had appeared to be in the DMC-Likud negotiations.
- Some DMC leaders noted the struggle over who will succeed the ailing Prime Minister is near. The DMC would like to be in the arena and possibly push Yadin's candidacy.

Yadin had hitherto opposed joining the coalition, having declared before his departure for the U.S. that he would refuse a seat on the cabinet even if the DMC Council decided to join.

But yesterday he noted at the airport that Israel is united in refusing to negotiate with the PLO and in opposition to the creation of a Palestinian state. "There may be differences with the Likud" over long-term issues but on these points we are united," he said. He reported that he had made this position clear to U.S. National Security Adviser Zbigniew Brzezinski.

## Minister hospital

Yitzhak Peretz, Deputy of Industry, Commerce and Tourism, was admitted to the ward of Shaare Zedek yesterday for tests and treatment.

LUCKY LOTTO — Yesterday's draw (22/77) was: 29, 32. The extra number was: 10.

The new cabaret party with

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Karussell Der

Humour • Music • Topicalities

Friday, 21.10 — 8.30 p.m.

HAIFA — James de Ro-

Centre; small hall

Tickets: "None," 32-34

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One performance at 7.30

RAMAT GAN,

Beit Hahistadrut.

Tickets: Beit Hahistadrut

Tarbut and box office

Saturday evening, 5.11

Two performances

6.00, 8.30 p.m.

"Oshi Shem," Netanya.

Tickets: "Signal," Net-

NOVA-BERGER

We deeply mourn the passing of my beloved husband

Dr. Joseph Gerend (Gerendasi)

Berlin — Pittsburgh

The funeral will leave tomorrow

Thursday, October 20, 1977, at

11.00 a.m. from the Funeral Parlour,

Sanhedria for Har Hamenuhot, Jerusalem.

His wife — ILONA GEREND

nee Friedman

and the family.

Our heartfelt sympathies to the family on the sudden passing

of our dear manager

FERRY FRIEDMAN

The Management and Employees of  
S. Friedman Ltd., Jerusalem  
Marketing and Service Co.

The funeral will take place today, Wednesday, Oct. 19, 1977, leaving at 1 p.m. from the Sanhedria Funeral Parlour for the Sanhedria Cemetery, Jerusalem.

هذا من الأصل



# Belgrade conference Israel raps Soviet migration policies

Mineral, in apparent reference to the Soviet Union and Eastern European Communist countries, said, "In certain countries Jews who want to avail themselves of these solemnly guaranteed rights are constantly harassed by the authorities."

He said this harassment is exercised by heavy pressure exerted on Jews, dismissal from work, interception of mail, cutting off of telephones, expulsion from universities and frequent arrests on "trumped-up criminal charges" against applicants who wish to emigrate.

Referring to the Middle East conflict, Mineral said this issue "should be treated in direct negotiations between the parties." He said the fact that the Helsinki meeting did not discuss the Arab-Israeli conflict among the topics discussed and said "we definitely approve this stand."

However, Egyptian delegate Mourad Ghaleb did talk about the Middle East dispute and accused Israel of human rights violations, torture and armed intervention.

Speaking after the Israel delegate, Ghaleb assailed Israel with accusations of "oppressing Palestine people."

# Crime-plagued Lod gets own border police station

Police units to be stationed in Lod, and the police force in the town greatly increased, Police District Commander Nitkizian said in Jerusalem.

Nitkizian said that the move was necessary in view of the rise in crime in the town in the past few weeks. He said that Lod will be getting a long-police station, until now only a small station manned by a handful of police officers.

Nitkizian said that the town of 44,000 inhabitants, particularly notorious for crime in the past few years, the crime rate has climbed. House-breaking and armed robbery, there has been

# Detained overnight at airport suspected 'Black Hebrews'

LOD AIRPORT. — A group of 10 Americans who arrived yesterday evening spent most of the night at the airport because they were suspected of belonging to the 'Black Hebrews' and of having really been in the civil defence exercise in progress, the airport authorities said.

The group, which was suspected of belonging to the 'Black Hebrews' and of having really been in the civil defence exercise in progress, the airport authorities said.

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# Jewish Agency board chairman: Single information body needed to tackle U.S. pressure on Israel

By JUDY SIEGEL  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Israel must establish a single, reliable channel of information if it is to help American Jewry deal with the increasing amount of pressure that the Carter Administration is using against the Jewish State, according to Max Fisher, a veteran participant in U.S. politics and the chairman of the Jewish Agency board of governors.

In an interview with The Jerusalem Post yesterday, Fisher would not comment directly on reports that American Jewish leaders are disturbed by open conflict between Shmuel Katz, the Prime Minister's advisor on information, and Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan over who will conduct propaganda abroad. But the 68-year-old Detroit industrialist stated that information must be concentrated in the hands of one body.

Asked whether Agriculture Minister Ariel Sharon's recent pronouncements on settlement in the West Bank had caused Israel's image to be kept quiet, Fisher said, "Information was one of the topics Fisher raised in a meeting yesterday with Prime Minister Menachem Begin at the premier's office in Jerusalem."

Fisher, a long-time friend of



Max Fisher, former Republican president Gerald Ford and Richard Nixon, noted that he believes the coming year will be the "toughest" Israel has ever faced, and that he expects "the situation to get worse."

people," he added, like his ambassador to the UN, Andrew Young, who recently questioned whether the U.S. should continue to offer Israel large amounts of aid, and Anthony Cordesman, a former Defense Department official, who said Israel could become a "liability" to Washington in the future.

Fisher criticized Carter for the recent joint Soviet-U.S. statement on the Middle East, calling it a "disaster" to let the Russians into the area. If Carter thinks that the Russians will moderate the PLO and the Syrians, he is mistaken, Fisher emphasized. "The Syrians will do whatever they think is in their best interest."

Carter "may not understand the complexity of the Middle East problem," suggested the Agency board chairman. "He may be in above his head. Something is wrong. Perhaps his staff are not good enough." Although American Jewry is "very united," they must bolster their cooperation and attract more pro-Israel supporters from among non-Jewish groups like the American labour movement he said.

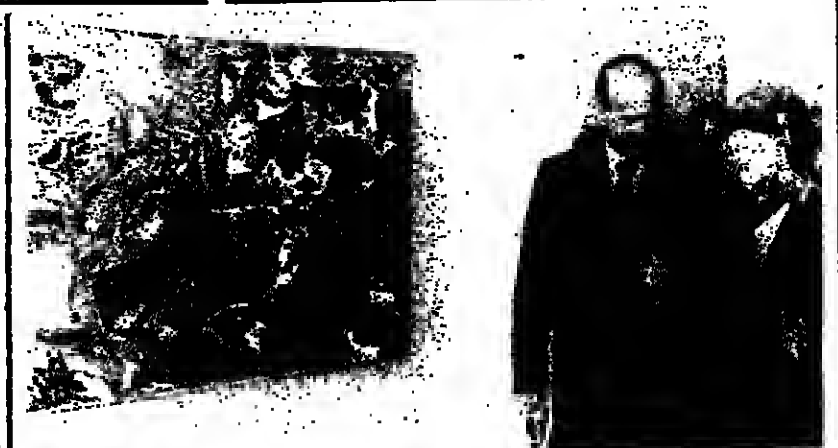
Fisher added that former U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger "is a very good friend of Israel. You in Israel will hear from him in the future."

# European Parliament president to visit

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

Emilio Colombo, the president of the Parliament of Europe, will visit Israel in the next few months, Knesset Speaker Yitzhak Shamir announced Monday when he opened the winter session of the House.

Shamir reported on the delegation which he headed this month to the Parliament session in Luxembourg. He said the delegation received assurances that the Common Market countries would enact legislation against the Arab boycott.



Marc Chagall and French President Valery Giscard d'Estaing at the opening of the Chagall exhibition at the Louvre in Paris on Monday. Chagall is the first living artist to be honoured with such an exhibition. He is seen here showing the President "Farm in Green" painted in 1968. (AP radiophoto)

# School course won't reveal Druse secrets

The secrets of the Druse religion will not be revealed in the new course on religious ethics introduced into Druse schools this year.

The Education Ministry has undertaken not to teach anything likely to offend the spiritual leaders of the sect, who have strongly opposed this introduction of the course which they felt would impart information about the Druse religion traditionally reserved to a few initiates.

In return, Druse spiritual leader Sheikh Amin Tarif yesterday promised the head of the ministry's Druse Education Department, Salim Tarif, that he would not interfere with the teaching of the course in Druse schools.

# Schoolchildren to hear about Chagall

Post Art Editor

Local schoolchildren are to hear special lectures on the art and life of Marc Chagall, who marked his 90th birthday recently.

The talks will be delivered by their usual teachers aided by a special booklet on Chagall written by Moshe Tamir, supervisor of art education at the Ministry of Education. The ministry is also providing all schools with a special colour poster for the occasion, which features Chagall's windows at the Hadassah Hospital synagogue devoted to the theme of the 12 tribes.

Chagall is due in Israel later this month to receive honours from the Weizmann Institute and the City of Jerusalem.

# British JIA mission checks social needs

Three hundred members of a British Joint Israel Appeal mission, yesterday visited youth centres and housing projects in Tel Aviv where they met with Mayor Shimon Lahat. Earlier in the day they discussed social priorities with Jewish Agency

# Rakah: no talks in Paris with PLO

Uzi Burstein, spokesman for Rakah, the New Communist Party, yesterday denied reports that Israelis who were in Paris for the assembly of the International Committee for a Just Peace in the Middle East had met with representatives of the PLO.

Two Israeli delegations participated at the assembly, Burstein said. There was the official delegation, most of whose seven members belong to Rakah, but also including Nathan Yellin-Mor. And there was the Shell delegation, with observer status only, consisting of MKs Arye Eliav and Meir Pa'il, Dr. Matti Peled and Simha Flapan.

Burstein, who returned to Israel yesterday, said that the Shell delegation boycotted the opening session when its representative was not permitted to speak. As a result of the intervention of the official delegation, and against the wishes of the Palestinians, Eliav was allowed to speak after the recess of the opening session. (Him)

# Humphrey gets Golda Meir award

WASHINGTON (AP). — U.S. Senator Hubert Humphrey was awarded the first Golda Meir Human Rights Award by the Ploceer Women Organization at the group's 25th biennial convention here on Monday.

The women's group also created a scholarship in Humphrey's name.

"Nothing could please him more than a continuing gift for perpetual scholarship," said Humphrey's sister, Frances Howard, who accepted the award for the Minnesota Democrat, who is gravely ill.

# Petah Tikva to mark rescue of Danish Jews

PETAH TIKVA. — The annual Danish-Israeli memorial celebration to mark the rescue of the Danish Jews from the Nazis in October 1943, will take place today, with the participation of Prof. Lise Oestergaard, Minister-without-Portfolio in the Danish Government.

Petah Tikva, which this year marks the 100th anniversary of its foundation, is the twin city of Odense, the Danish city where Hans Christian Andersen was born.

The memorial meeting is co-sponsored by the "Friends of Denmark in Israel" and the Petah Tikva municipality. It will be held in the municipality's Sharet Hall at 8 p.m.

# Weevils in flour

HAIFA (Itim). — The Man flour-milling company was fined IL1,500 in the Magistrate's Court here yesterday after weevils were found in a sample of flour taken from the mill last July.

Health inspectors also found that the company was selling underweight semolina — 14 out of 20 sample 1kg. bags were found to be 10-30 grams short. The owner of the factory, Leo Neufeld, was fined IL500 or 60 days in prison.

The Court also fined the Zaniakol canning factory, IL2,000 and its owner, Azriel Daneky, IL750, or 75 days, for marketing canned carrots deemed by health inspectors to be "unfit for human consumption."

SMILE WITH ZEBRA ETZ HAZAIT

# Clean health requirement for firearm licence

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Citizens wanting to acquire a personal firearm would have to produce confirmation in writing from their physicians that no health reasons prevent this, under a draft amendment to the firearms law approved by the Cabinet on Sunday for immediate tabling in the Knesset. The amendment would similarly affect licence renewals.

The amendment would oblige the Health Ministry to inform the weapons licensing authorities of all mental cases, past and present, for their use when considering applications for a firearms licence. It would oblige all doctors who know that their mental patients own a gun or plan to buy one, to tell the Health Ministry.

The Cabinet also approved the manufacture of pistols for the domestic market by Gamma Co. Ltd., a local firm.

# Man held in ILM theft of electrical appliances

TEL AVIV. — Police yesterday arrested a man suspected of holding stolen goods and confiscated thousands of pounds worth of electrical appliances from a storage shed on the grounds of Moshav Mishmar Hashiva on the outskirts of the city.

This brings to six the number of suspects the police are now holding following their raids two days ago in which they netted more than 11,000 worth of stolen electrical appliances. Ten trucks were required to carry the equipment to police warehouses. In court on Monday police representatives claimed that the five acted as a marketing network for stolen goods.

# Bnei Brak strike

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BNEI BRAK. — All city employees will stage a one-day walkout here today to demand raises in salary and other benefits. The Histadrut Teachers Union announced that since kindergarten teachers' helpers will participate in today's strike, kindergartens here will be open only until 11 a.m.

# What would winter be without Switzerland?

A winter without Switzerland would be more earnest by a few jolly sleigh-rides the less, chiller by a couple of missing cheerful fondues, smaller by the lack of innumerable well-kept ski runs, shorter by 1800 km of beautifully laid out cross-country trails, noisier by 973,600 hectares of silent forest, grimmer by a lot of amiable people not met. And surely poorer by some sweet memories.

And how much would your winter lose without Switzerland?

For instance the chance to enjoy 10 days' holiday in Davos; it costs from Sfr. 410.- (+ 12 150.-) per person, double room, with breakfast and one other meal. Or your choice of half a dozen other Fantaski packages that take you to Davos or Flims or Grindelwald or Lenzerheide or Wengen or Zermatt. Your travel agent or Swissair will gladly show you in detail all the things you would miss in one winter without Switzerland.

Swissair: Tel Aviv, 53 Ben Yehuda Street, phone: (03) 243355; Jerusalem, 30 Jaffe Street, phones: (02) 228868/233192; Haifa, 2 Sea Road, phone: (04) 846655.

Swissair represents the Swiss National Tourist Office in Israel.





Urban terrorist Andreas Baader and girlfriend Gudrun Ensslin, photographed in 1969. The Lufthansa hijackers had demanded their freedom from Stuttgart's Stammheim prison. When the hijackers were killed, the jailed terrorists committed suicide.

## Commandos return in triumph after freeing Lufthansa hostages

BONN (AP). — A West German commando force flew home in triumph from East Africa yesterday after a hitz raid on a hijacked Lufthansa airliner in which it rescued all 86 surviving hostages and killed three of the four hijackers.

The rescue operation an hour after midnight yesterday at Mogadishu, the capital of Somalia, provided "a very serious lesson for some people around the world on how to deal with terrorism," said a West German government spokesman.

Somali officials said nine passengers and one commando were slightly injured in the 10-minute raid and the terrorist who survived, a girl, was badly wounded. Lufthansa, the West German airline, said one other passenger was hospitalized "in a state of collapse." But all the hostages left Mogadishu yesterday morning for home, radio Somalia reported.

The surviving hijacker, the lone woman in the Arabic-speaking gang, remained in a Mogadishu hospital, officials said.

The hijackers had demanded the

release of 11 imprisoned West German terrorists and two Palestinians in Turkish jails, along with \$5m. in ransom. So far, no organization has claimed them.

The only hostage killed was the chief pilot of the Lufthansa Boeing 737 jet, 37-year-old Juergen Schumann, whose body was put off the plane shortly after it landed in Mogadishu on Sunday. Officials said he was shot on Sunday while the plane sat at the airport in Aden, South Yemen, fifth of its six stops during its zigzag journey over southern Europe and the Middle East to East Africa.

The raid, which reminded some observers of Israel's rescue at the Entebbe, Uganda, airport last year, was the first combat operation for the Border Guard Group 9 commando strike force, set up after the 1972 Munich Olympic massacre. Officials said the anti-terrorist specialists had rehearsed the attack well, practicing on an identical plane before being sent to Mogadishu.

Under cover of darkness, the raiders blasted open emergency exits over both wings of the twin-jet airliner. They poured into the passenger cabin hurling "blinding" grenades that stung with a flash of light and loud bang but omit no

shrapnel. They found that the hijackers had rigged the inside of the plane with explosives and had poured petrol over the aisle carpeting. The passengers had been strapped into their seats with their safety belts. The hijackers apparently did not have enough time to ignite the petrol or to detonate the explosives.

"There was some shooting... There was no panic. The passengers were evacuated as fast as possible by sliding down inflated slides from the emergency exits," a Lufthansa spokesman said.

A Somali government spokesman said two of the hijackers were killed inside the plane and the third man was wounded and died in a hospital. "The London Daily Mail" speculated that the Somalis cooperated because they want Western arms for the rebellion by Somali tribesmen in eastern Ethiopia.

The hijackers viewed Somalia as friendly ground. They named Somalia, South Yemen and Vietnam as three countries where their freedom "comrades" should be flown for political refuge. But the West German government said all three governments refused to accept the prisoners if they were freed.

## 'Victory at Mogadishu' was born after bitter defeat at Munich

BONN. — West Germany's "Victory at Mogadishu" was rooted in the bitter defeat at Munich five years before.

At Munich, during the 1972 Olympic games, West Germany bungled the attempted rescue of Israeli athletes taken hostage by Arab terrorists. The toll of Munich's "Bloody Tuesday" was 11 Israelis, one West German policeman and five terrorists.

The intervening five years have

brought a turnaround on the part of a government that previously shunned spectacular martial displays, fearing they might reawaken the spectre of German militarism.

The Germans who organized the 1972 Olympics were so traumatized by their country's Prussian and Nazi past that they adopted an unduly low security profile. Police were clad in friendly pastel uniforms. Guns were kept out of sight.

West Germany's preoccupation at

Munich with image cost it dearly.

The West German wanted no part of a strong centralized police force. Memories of Hitler's dread Gestapo and security service were still too fresh. Police powers were delegated to West Germany's federated states.

Whereas the Mogadishu raid followed a well-prepared plan, the Munich operation was characterized by improvisation and confusion.

Later, critics said that there had been too many politicians and too few sharpshooters at Fuerstentumbruck Air Base outside of Munich where the day of terror reached its bloody climax.

The successful attack yesterday in Somalia was the baptism of fire for an elite strike force formed after the Olympic massacre.

The 116-man unit, officially Border Guard Group 9 but better known by its German initials, GSG 9, had never been used in battle against terrorists.

But through its rigorous training programme, the unit had earned the respect of Israelis and others skilled in anti-terror operations.

They are kept ready for deployment within 15 minutes.

"The West German Government has with these troops a trump card in the struggle against terrorism," said Major General Zvi Bar, commander of the Israeli Border Police, in a recent newspaper interview.

"I consider the training and tactics of this unit to be the best there are at this time — this is also the opinion of American experts."

Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher ordered formation of the unit while he was interior minister soon after the wild shootout in Munich in 1972.

GSG 9 was created from West Germany's elite Federal Border Guards, a paramilitary force under the control of the Interior Ministry. The commander is Ulrich Wegner.

West Germany has spent 10m. marks (about \$4.5m.) outfitting the unit.

Members of the unit, all volunteers handpicked for physical stamina and emotional stability, train at their base near Bonn in hand-to-hand combat, small arms, explosives, aerial assault and other commando skills.

Their basic training course lasts nine weeks, followed by 13 weeks of special training, which also includes courses in such fields as psychology and law.

The equipment available to GSG 9 at the sprawling military Border Police base in St. Augustin, just outside Bonn, includes especially equipped Mercedes limousines, motorcycles, armoured cars and helicopters.

(AP, Reuter)

## Leading Czech dissidents get 'lenient' sentences

PRAGUE (Reuter). — Four of Czechoslovakia's most prominent dissidents were sentenced yesterday to prison terms ranging from 14 months to three-and-a-half years on charges of subversion against the state, sources close to the defendants said.

Former theatre director Ota Ornost was given the stiffest sentence of three-and-a-half years' imprisonment for maintaining "conspiratorial links" with foreign diplomats and agents in France and Italy.

Jiri Ledorzer, a journalist, received a sentence of three years' imprisonment on similar charges. Former theatre director Frantisek Pavlicek got a 17-month term and playwright Václav Havel 14 months.

Each could have received 10 years but the public prosecutor yesterday requested lenient sentences for the four, particularly in the case of Ornost because he had pleaded guilty

to the subversion charges. The other three had pleaded not guilty. Political observers said the prosecutor's recommendations could be interpreted as a bid to deflect attention focused on the trial. All the defendants except Ornost were among the first dissidents to sign the Charter 77 manifesto calling for human rights to be respected in Czechoslovakia.

But the prosecution has kept to the argument that the case was purely a matter of anti-state subversion and had nothing to do with the Charter. A committee of 23 Polish dissidents yesterday condemned the indictment of the four and appealed to the participants in the Belgrade review conference on European security and cooperation to intervene on their behalf.

The Polish dissidents expressed full solidarity with the Czech human rights campaign and the four accused men.

## U.S. may withdraw from Law of the Sea conference

LOS ANGELES (AP). — Unless developing nations modify "highly unfavourable" deep-sea mining proposals, the U.S. could withdraw from negotiations for an international ocean treaty, U.S. ambassador-at-large Elliot Richardson said on Monday.

Richardson, President Carter's representative to the UN Law of the Sea Conference, said the U.S. government is not hopeful as it conducts a review of efforts for a treaty to regulate two-thirds of the earth's surface.

"It's not impossible, but I cannot be optimistic about it," he said at a news conference. "It is fair to say that while the benefits are considerable, they're not worth the price of the totally unacceptable seabed-mining provisions now in the text."

A total of 153 countries are trying

to draw up an international sea treaty to cover such things as seabed mining, sea environment fishing rights and scientific research, before the conference which meets next March in Switzerland.

Richardson, former U.S. defence secretary and attorney-general, said a group of 100 underdeveloped countries, led by Paul Ego, ambassador of the Camerouns, has been making treaty demands regarding seabed mining that are too restrictive "for the benefits of the United States."

He said the U.S. hopes to mine manganese nodules and other minerals from the ocean's floors, but would be prevented from doing so to a large extent because of the demands.

"Not only would the U.S. pull out," said Richardson, "but other countries would follow the lead causing the conference to collapse."

## U.S. university will teach about Holocaust to atone for pro-Nazi book

EVANSTON, Illinois (AP). — Northwestern University, embarrassed by a book written by a faculty member and praised by local neo-Nazi groups, has opened a drive to teach more about Hitler's death camps in high schools.

Arthur Butz, an assistant professor of electrical engineering, is the author of "The Hoax of the Twentieth Century." It blames the mass deaths in Hitler's concentration camps on natural causes plus a shortage of food and medicine.

It has caused problems at Northwestern. The concept of academic freedom is getting a thorough workout.

"It's meant a lot of bad publicity," says Jack O'Dowd, university public relations director. He said some neo-

phils have threatened to withhold contributions to the school, although the university has just completed one of its more successful fund-raising drives.

In February, Northwestern President Robert E. Taylor called B.J. Chindler, dean of the school of education, to a meeting to discuss how to counter the unfavourable publicity.

The product of the meeting is a plan to hold a conference next summer for high school teachers from across the nation. Its theme will be putting material about the death camps into classrooms. The school of education is also developing curriculum plans on the subject and starting a collection of books about it.

## Egypt and Libya on way to reconciliation

By NICOLAS B. TATRO  
CAIRO (AP). There are increasing signs that relations between Egypt and Libya are beginning to thaw three months after the two Arab neighbours fought a series of pitched border battles.

Bus and planes are regularly crossing this border for the first time since the fighting, cargo and passenger ships have resumed service, official and professional contacts are being made and the war of words between Egypt's President Anwar Sadat and Libyan leader Muammar Gaddafi has subsided.

In the background, Palestine Liberation Organization chief Yasser Arafat has been engaging in subtle diplomacy in an attempt to negotiate a rapprochement, Egyptian sources said. Arafat arrived in Cairo on Monday for talks with Sadat.

Improved relations could strengthen the bargaining position of Egypt and other "moderate," Arab regimes in negotiating a Middle East settlement by easing the pressure on them from radical states, such as Libya, which reject any settlement with Israel.

Publicly, Libya's Gaddafi has shown no sign of softening his stand. He continues to oppose Egypt's support for U.S.-backed efforts to reconvene the Geneva Middle East peace talks by the end of the year.

"Anyone who is allied to America now is an enemy of the Arab nation," Gaddafi said on October 7. But, he continued, "despite recent events between Libya and Egypt, which are the worst happenings in Arab history and a true catastrophe, we will not hesitate to discuss placing our military might at the disposal of Egypt against the enemy."

"Al-Watan," a Kuwait daily newspaper, reported last week that Sadat sought 600 tanks, 75 fighter jets and anti-aircraft missiles as a condition for reconciliation. Egyptian officials had no comment on the report.

Western diplomatic sources also acknowledged that Egyptian-Libyan relations appeared to be improving. But one diplomat said that while

"the tone has improved, brotherly love has not yet been established. I don't expect to see a dramatic breakthrough. The level of distrust is too deep."

The two nations fell out before the October 1973 Yom Kippur War over a merger scheme that was agreed on but never carried out. Charges and counter-charges over the failed plan and Middle-East policy have led to personal enmity between the two leaders, which complicated attempts to reach a reconciliation.

But most of the signs have indicated a positive trend. For example, there is a noticeable thaw in relations between Libya and Egypt's close ally, Sudan, which supported the Egyptians in the July fighting.

Sudanese President Jaafar Numeiri, who has accused Libya of trying to overthrow his regime, last week ordered the release of 11 Libyans who were arrested for participating in an unsuccessful coup attempt in July 1976. He also allowed the return to Sudan of former prime minister al-Sadek al-Mahdi, an opposition politician with close ties to Gaddafi.

There also appears to be a strong desire for good relations among the Egyptian public. Some 200,000 Egyptian technicians, doctors, teachers and administrators work in oil-rich Libya.

## S.A. police kill four in weekend rioting

PORT-ELIZABETH, South Africa (AP). — Police killed at least four blacks and wounded 10 others when they fired on rioters in this Eastern Cape port over the weekend, police reported on Monday.

This brings to six the confirmed death toll by police gunfire in the Eastern Cape since last Thursday.

Unrest has simmered in black townships throughout the area since the September 25 funeral at King William's Town 190 km northeast of here of black congresswoman leader Steve Biko, who died in security police detention last month.

Division Police Commissioner Brigadier P. Hugo said the number of weekend casualties might even have been higher, since "demonstrators remove the dead and wounded."

Hugo said police fired on gangs of black youths in Port Elizabeth's New

Brighton and Walmer Townships who were hurling stones and firing to burn vehicles and buildings.

Parents reportedly stood over the weekend outside Mchabaula high school for a (mixed race) children who youths hurled a "fire bomb" empty classroom. It was before causing any damage.

But at Molteno, 288 km here, the Nomonde black high school was damaged extensively by a fire started by young demonstrators. Police said reported making 50 arrests.

Unrest in the area has been by attacks on schools as fires and factories run by the Administration — one of the homeland administrations — ed for eventual independence the Government's police spartel.

## Jo'burg woman jailed for refusing to testify against wife of black leader

BLOEMFONTEIN, South Africa (AP). — A Johannesburg housewife, Barbara Waite, was sentenced to one year in jail by a magistrate here on Monday for refusing to say whether she had visited Winnie Mandela, wife of the jailed African National Congress president, Nelson Mandela.

Mrs. Waite, wife of a provincial cricketer, was released on \$80 bail pending appeal. She is the fourth white woman to receive a jail term within the past two months for refusing to testify against Mrs. Mandela.

Mrs. Mandela, 44, was banished by government order last May to a black township outside Brandfort, 56 kms. from here.

Under a seven-year-old order, she may not have without official permission, be quoted in the press, and home at night and on week.

The other women, who have appealed, include Helen Jo, the first person to be placed house arrest under South security laws. She spent 10 days in a banning order similar to Mandela's. It was lifted in

Mrs. Waite told Magistrate Venter on Monday that she "moral objection" to saying she visited Mrs. Mandela.

Mrs. Mandela, who can Brandfort without permits not in court.

## Mondale says full political role for all S. Africans is U.S. goal

JOHANNESBURG (AP). — U.S. Vice-President Walter Mondale says America's chief goal for South Africa is "to begin a progressive transformation away from apartheid and toward full political participation for all South Africans," the "Rand Daily Mail" reported yesterday.

In an exclusive interview with the liberal English-language newspaper, Mondale said "a crucial dialogue" between the South African government and all segments of society, particularly "legitimate" black leaders, was needed.

Mondale repeatedly emphasized that the U.S. wanted "good relations" and was a "good friend" of South Africa.

He said his "one man, one vote" reference made after a meeting with Prime Minister John Vorster in Vienna in May — which caused wide

controversy in South Africa — should be viewed in context. Mondale said he used the phrase because one man one vote full political participation Americans. But how full participation should be about in South Africa was country's people the decide.

"We have no blueprint," he would be presumptuous have one. We understand complexities of inter-racial relations in South Africa," the "Mail" Mondale as saying.

"What we are suggesting opinion, the thing that prev destruction. If profound justice continues in any s will inevitably lead to gro violence, despair, and tion of rational dialogue," said.

## Exiled chief named Catalan presid

MADRID (UPI). — King Juan Carlos yesterday named a long exiled politician, Josep Tarradellas, president of the newly restored autonomous government of Catalonia.

Tarradellas, a liberal and chief of the Catalan government-in-exile, will return from France to Madrid tomorrow for talks with government leaders. He will then travel to Barcelona, the capital of Catalonia on October 23.

Tarradellas, 78, has lived in French exile since the end of the Civil War in 1939, except for a brief visit to Madrid in July. The government decided to open negotiations on the restoration of the pre-civil war "Generalitat" (autonomous government), which was abolished

by the late Francisco Franco the Civil War.

The Generalitat was reelected three weeks Tarradellas will name a 16 executive that will run loc in the provinces of Ba Gerona, Lerida and Tarrag.

In the Basque region — part of Spain where protest feeling is running high — s guards continued their of violence by shooting and wounding a member paramilitary civil guard guards post in Lasarte, Sebastian, on Monday night.

Negotiations for Basque were opened two weeks a Basque extremist group want autonomy, but indop

## U.S. votes reprieve for saccharin

WASHINGTON (AP). — The House of Representatives voted on Monday to suspend any federal saccharin ban for 18 months, while at the same time ordering new tests on the benefits as well as the risks of the artificial sweetener.

Unlike similar legislation passed by the Senate last month, the House would not require each bottle of diet soft-drink or other products containing saccharin to bear a warning label. Instead it requires the posting of warning signs in stores selling such products.

The measure, passed 875-23, now goes to conference with the Senate. The legislation permits the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare to ban saccharin during the 18-month moratorium if new evidence is received linking it to

human cancer. He would be mitted to make his decision evidence developed before was enacted.

Rep. Paul G. Rogers (C Florida), Chairman of a health subcommittee, said there are indications that there is a mild cancer-causing moratorium is justified by the benefits of the substance millions of Americans on der doctors' orders to red intake of sugar.

CURFEW. — Iraqi auth posed a nation-wide daw curfew yesterday and Baghdad's international a facilitate census operation

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Ministry of Education and Culture

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Grade Vav	German measles (girls only)
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Parents who do not wish their children to receive these inoculations/vaccinations must advise the Principal of the school in writing within 5 days of the date of publication of this notice.

JERUSALEM MUNICIPALITY

Local Planning and Construction Commission, Jerusalem

### NOTICE PURSUANT TO PARA. 149 OF THE PLANNING AND CONSTRUCTION LAW, 1965

(hereunder "the Law")

BN/392/69/MISHINE

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to para. 149 of the Law, that Mr. M. Wester of the American Colony Hotel has submitted to the Local Planning and Construction Commission, Jerusalem (hereunder the Local Commission) an application for permission to change the location of a planned swimming pool and changing rooms at property in block 30088, parcel 6, American Colony, Jerusalem, viz., to change the location of the swimming pool and changing rooms to be built 4.00 m. away, from that authorized and shown on Urban Building Plan 1591, from the east section of the property to the west.

Objections to the granting of this application can be presented, within two weeks of the date of publication of this notice, to the Local Commission, Office of the City Engineer, 22 Rehov Rikla, Jerusalem.

The plan referred to can be seen at the offices of the Local Commission, 12 noon to 2 p.m., every working day except Friday.

M. BENVENISTE  
Deputy Chairman of the Local Commission

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הכרזה מן האוכל

# A LONG WAY FROM KHARTOUM

By MARK SEGAL / Jerusalem Post Reporter



Nessim Gaon

because of his huge imports of that commodity, Gaon's overseas interests spread to Nigeria and other African countries, in one of which he is building a railroad. In Geneva he has made his fortune in real estate and construction. His Noga company (a play on his own name) has left its imprint on the Geneva landscape. His latest project is the development of the old site of the Lake Lemman Casino, where his company is throwing up a luxury hotel (300 suites), a shopping centre and so forth.

At 50, Nessim Gaon is very much the courtly magnate one expects to meet. Now elected Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Ben-Gurion University, on which he has served since 1973 (he is also a Governor of the Hebrew and Bar-Ilan Universities), we ask him what the name Ben-Gurion means to him?

Gaon says he has always been an admirer of B.G. Their meeting in 1972 at the wedding of his daughter Marguerite to Jon Herzog (son of Haim and Ora) was an unforgettable occasion for the guest from Geneva.

He relates: "Ben-Gurion kept pressing me: 'When are you going to come and live here?' I replied 'Don't you think I am doing a good job over there', but Ben-Gurion said it was more important to be here. I promised him that I would move here

before his death. Unfortunately he passed away much too soon. Yes, I do think my involvement in the university is due to my sense of obligation to his memory. This way I feel I can fulfill my promise in some way."

His involvement in the Negev University is also a logical step from his concern for his fellow Sephardim, which brought him to become President of the World Sephardi Federation. He is aware that the institution places more emphasis than any other university in Israel on providing for the sons and daughters of oriental immigrants (one-third of the students at B.G., twice the ratio elsewhere). For him the Negev university provides the all-important equality of educational opportunities, which he regards as the only hope for bridging the gap between the ingathered tribes.

Above all, it is his Zionist conviction that the Ben-Gurion University's great contribution is to enable local youngsters to get a decent education near their homes and remain in the Negev on graduation.

"I want to help the university expand its courses and be able to accept more youngsters. To do all that takes a lot of money. The money exists, but the question is how to extract it. I believe I can mobilize many Sephardi Jews throughout the world for the university," the new Chairman of the Board of Governors says.

Although his main focus has been on the Sephardim, Gaon has done the unprecedented by uniting the Ashkenazi and Sephardi communities of Geneva into one unit, and has served as President since 1984. In addition he is President of both the Keren Hayesod and the Bond drive in the Suisse Romande (French-speaking Switzerland), not forgetting a Vice-Presidency of the World Jewish Congress.

Gaon became the linchpin between the old-established Jews of Geneva and the more recent arrivals, who had a different time at first to acustom the staid mandarins to more dynamic attitudes. They also revolutionized the level of giving among Geneva's wealthy community, with Gaon setting the tone with a huge contribution. As to current fund-raising for Israel in Switzerland, Gaon notes its recovery from its steep decline under the influence of the economic scandals here which had Swiss ramifications. Some Jews still use that episode as a pretext for shirking their duty, he regrets. The Bond drive is picking up, and only recently a major Swiss Bank made a large purchase, thus showing confidence in Israel.

He would like to hope that the integrated Geneva community could serve as a model for eliminating distinctions between Ashkenazim

and Sephardim. The President of the World Sephardi Federation claims that many Ashkenazim have joined the London congregation and the Cedarhurst synagogue in New York.

"There are so many Ashkenazim here, they are no longer real Sephardi communities as we knew them," he says.

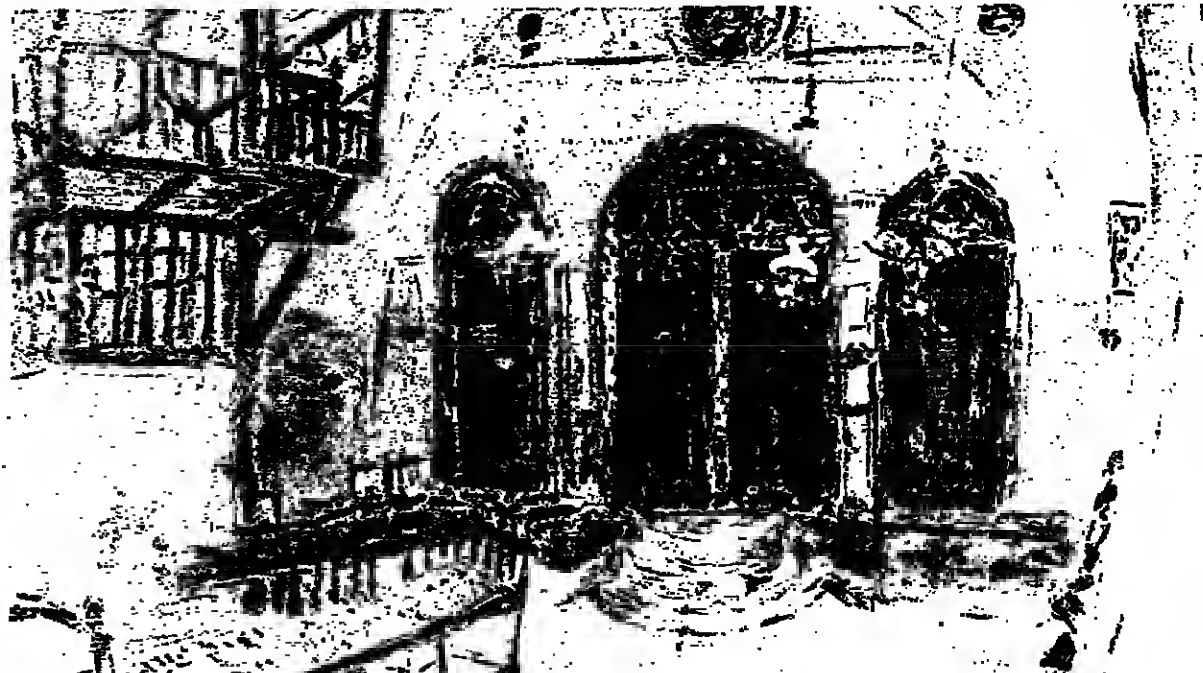
Gaon is pleased that the Liberals chose Moshe Niasim as their next Cabinet Minister because of his personal qualities, not because of his Sephardi origins. "It would be an insult to say he was chosen only because of that and not because of his competence," he says.

"Why a Sephardi Federation and not an Ashkenazi one? Because we need it, they don't," he says with a smile, expressing gratification at his Federation's work in heightening the involvement of Sephardim in Jewish work and Israeli causes. He notes how Steve Shalom, the Syrian Jewish leader in New York, has now become a local chairman of the UJA, adopted his idea of raising special funds to tackle sub-standard housing. His Federation had proposed raising \$100m. with the Israeli Government giving an equivalent amount, but the previous government did not take up the offer. He was gratified that the UJA had been brought round to supporting the scheme, and during the coming 1977/78 fund drives they would ask for more money throughout the world to be earmarked for tackling housing problems.

Finally, Nessim Gaon advises Israelis not to get so upset and excited over Arab rhetoric. "Don't take their words so seriously. They use words differently from you. They have less meaning for them," is his advice.

The Geneva magnate has no difficulties with the Arab boycott. "Believe me, I am doing big business with Arabs. I think they prefer to do business with Jews, because they know they can trust us more than their own. Oh yes, I was placed on the boycott list, but it never stopped them from doing business, and very big business, with me."

"They keep telling me: 'You are not a Zionist. You are not a Zayouni (imitates the horror-struck look and voice to comic effect), they come from Russia! Zayouni! They are killers, you are not a killer,'" he related with considerable amusement.



The Israel Museum is saluting Marc Chagall's 90th birthday with a Special Exhibit during October - November: Chagall's oil painting "Synagogue at Safed," which the artist did in 1931 while visiting the country for the first time, is on loan from the Stedelijk Museum in Amsterdam. It is one of many works Chagall executed during his six visits to Israel. (A Chagall exhibit also opens next week at the Tel Aviv Museum.)

## When an older child isn't dry

A DOCTOR'S NOTEBOOK  
Dr. David Samson

AN EVER-RECURRING cause of concern to parents, apparently even to those who lived many centuries before the common era, is that of bed-wetting in their children, or enuresis as it is formally called. Thomas Phaer, an Englishman, writing in his 16th century "Book of Children" was less euphemistic; he devoted a section of his book to the problem of "pissing in the bedde."

The earliest known reference, however, to the condition is found in an ancient papyrus scroll.

At what age a child should be dry at night is arguable. One would expect a 12-year-old to be dry every night and would not expect a two-year-old to be. The situation regarding a four, five- or six-year-old is obviously not so clear cut. Probably about 10 per cent of five-year-olds have some degree of enuresis. This percentage decreases yearly until puberty, although, as pre-induction army medical examinations in various countries have shown, there are those who carry the disability with them into adult life.

Excluding the few cases where the condition is a symptom of organic disease such as urinary tract infection, there are two groups of enuretics, depending on whether the child in question has never been dry at night for an appreciable length of time (primary enuresis) or whether the bed-wetting recurs after a significant dry spell (secondary enuresis).

Although hundreds of suggestions as to the cause of the complaint have been put forth, the truth is that, as far as the primary group at least is concerned, we just don't know the exact reason. It seems likely that just as some children of normal intelligence learn to walk or to read at a later date than do their peers, so some children for some reason are similarly late in developing the complex mechanism necessary for bladder control.

A hereditary element seems to be at work in this since there is usually a greater prevalence of bed-wetting in children of parents who themselves had the same trouble when they were young.

The children I see with enuresis fall into two categories regardless of whether they are primary or secondary cases as defined above. There are those in whom an obvious psychological factor is involved. They are a sizeable minority, invariably cases of secondary enuresis. In the majority of cases there is not an obvious psychological factor involved.

A typical case where such a factor is operating could be that of a child, previously dry, who starts to wet his bed after the arrival of a new baby. Such children usually respond well to a short but intensive course of simple psychotherapy well within the competence of any family doctor trained in family medicine. This would emphasize to the child his growing responsibility in the enlarged family and help him to accept his new role within it. Naturally the parents must be actively involved, and the family doctor comes into his own because of his unique knowledge of, and contact with, the whole family.

In the more common type of case, where there is no evidence of an active psychological component, I combine frequent clinic visits with a system whereby the child is asked to keep a record in a notebook of his nightly success, or otherwise. For success (usually three dry nights in a row initially although this may be varied in the individual case) he receives a small prize as encouragement. But there is no punishment, of course, for failure. In this system, too, parental co-operation is essential to ensure a home atmosphere conducive to success. With persistence, and if the co-operation of the child and his family can be sustained, a complete cure can be eventually expected in about 50 per cent of the children and partial improvement, also of value, in many of the others.

Other types of treatment currently in use include the use of drugs, especially those used under different

circumstances for their anti-depressant effects, although it is unlikely that this is how they work in enuretics. These may bring about a dramatic initial improvement but unfortunately there is considerable relapse after they are stopped. I personally do not favour their use alone but may sometimes use them initially in combination with the "record" system to demonstrate to a particularly dependent child that "it can be done."

Another popular method is the use of the "buzzers." This is a small, safe electrical apparatus put in the child's bed so that when a drop of urine comes in contact with it, a buzzer is set off, waking the child up, the act of urination being halted as he regains consciousness. The child thus becomes conditioned to waking up as urination begins. It is hoped that he will continue to do so when use of the apparatus is stopped. This method has considerable permanent success, particularly in older children, but unfortunately the "buzzers" is not readily available in Israel. Where enuresis is only one fact of a complex emotional disorder, referral for competent psychiatric assessment is usually necessary. Such cases are thankfully rare. In these circumstances the enuresis is usually one of the least disconcerting features of the overall condition.

An experienced specialist in enuresis once knowingly observed that since most cases of the condition will prove to be uncomplicated by either demonstrable organic pathology or psycho-pathology and will prove highly resistant to therapy, their treatment consequently represents an exercise of the highest order in the practice of good medicine.

Concurring with this view, I most certainly believe that the outlook for even the most obstinate cases of enuresis need not appear so gloomy if they are fortunate enough to receive treatment at the hands of those interested and sympathetic doctors willing to take up the challenge which such an exercise offers.

## One man show that works

KATHERINE ROSENTHAL / Jerusalem Post Reporter

ENTERTAINERS try their one man shows, but regret are of a calibre to hold an actor's attention for a whole night. "Flowers for a Whits" Hahlmah actor Alex Peleg is admirably where many would have failed.

He who saw the film "Charly" if Robertson will be familiar with material on which Peleg's based: both were taken from the novel by author D. Keyes. It tells of dual metamorphosis of a retarded young man who as experimental brain surgery is so successful that he is into a genius who rapidly outpaces his teachers and even his two brain surgeons. The young man's research on his own case finally forces that regression into initial retarded state is in the book's title is the case on whom parallel ex-

perimental surgery is carried out.) Science fiction - yes, of course. None the less, as a piece of fiction, it provides Alex Peleg with a fine opportunity for sensitive acting. Director Yitzhak Shauli decided to use the book in the form of Charly's diary, in which he tapes his day-to-day feelings, thoughts and experiences. Shauli's translation into Hebrew captures, gradually and subtly, the development in Charly's vocabulary as his intelligence develops after his operation.

Alex Peleg was well aware of the potential pitfalls of his role as Charly. He researched his part by spending many hours with the staff and inmates of an institute for retarded youth. And he gives a moving portrayal of the retarded Charly who initially wants "just to be as clever as everybody else." Peleg, without crossing the narrow dividing line between realism and pantomime, suits his every movement, the tempo of his speech and the clarity of his diction to his progress throughout the play.

This is not an evening of light entertainment - but neither is it the grueling, tedious show it could easily have been if less well executed. Having performed in kibbutzim and small towns during the past few months, Alex Peleg is already well-versed in his part, and will be appearing on Friday and Saturday nights at ZOIA House in Tel Aviv, at least until the end of this month.



Alex Peleg (Photo Aleph)

## Easy chicken

FROM MY JERUSALEM KITCHEN  
Sybil Zimmerman

Company coming for dinner and there's no time to fix something special? Chickens that require practically no work at all are a good solution to the problem.

### ROAST CHICKEN WITH VEGETABLES AND WINE

- 4 servings  
750 gram-1 kilo chicken  
1/4 cup oil  
2 tsp onion powder  
6 small onions  
1 cup green pepper  
1 minced garlic clove  
1 1/2 cup tomatoes  
1/2 L tomato paste  
3 sprigs parsley  
2 shakes thyme  
1 bay leaf  
1/2 L salt  
2 shakes pepper  
1/2 cup dry white wine  
1/2 cup chicken broth  
1/2 cup black olives
1. Sprinkle chicken with salt and pepper. Heat oil in casserole on top of stove and then brown chicken. Remove to a plate.
  2. Add onions to oil and brown. Add green pepper and garlic. Cook for 2 minutes. Add tomatoes, tomato paste, parsley, thyme, bay leaf, salt and pepper and wine. Simmer 5 minutes. Return chicken, breast side up. Add chicken soup. Place in 350°F (175°C) oven and roast 1 hour, 15 minutes.
  3. Remove chicken, skim off fat, place casserole on low heat and cook 6 minutes. Return chicken and olives, warm and serve.

### BAR-B-Q CHICKEN

- 4 servings  
1-1 1/2 kilo chicken  
1 L salt  
1/2 L pepper  
3 T. oil  
1 cup tomato sauce  
1 cup chopped onions  
1/2 cup water  
2 T. vinegar  
1 T. brown sugar  
1 T. Worcestershire sauce  
1/2 L salt
1. Season chicken with 1 L salt and 1/2 L pepper. Heat oil in skillet. Brown chicken.
  2. Combine tomato sauce, onions, water, vinegar, brown sugar, Worcestershire sauce and 1/2 L salt. Place browned chicken in casserole, pour sauce over chicken, cover and roast in 350°F (175°C) oven 1 hour, or until done, basting frequently.

### ROAST HERBED CHICKEN

- 4-6 servings  
1 1/2 kilo chicken  
1/2 L olive oil  
1/2 L vinegar  
1 T. minced marjoram  
1 L salt  
1 L basil  
1/2 L pepper  
1/2 L thyme  
1 L sage  
1 L oregano  
1 T. marjoram
1. Rinse and dry chicken. Rub skin with 1 cut garlic clove, then place it inside chicken. Place bay leaves and other 3 garlic cloves inside chicken.
  2. Mix marjoram, salt, pepper, thyme, sage, oregano, marjoram and basil. Place 1 tablespoon inside chicken. The legs together with the wing. Rub rest of marjoram-herb mixture all over the outside. Place chicken, breast side down, in baking pan. Bake in 425°F (220°C) oven 45 minutes. Turn chicken over. Roast 40-45 minutes longer.

## Haste 'n' waste

BRIDGE  
George Levinrew

ARRIVING quickly at a contract is often recommended procedure. Betting too "scientific" can suggest a possible killing defence. But haste sometimes makes waste, as illustrated in today's deal from a Jerusalem tournament:

NORTH		EAST	
♠ 9 8 2	♥ 10 9 8 7 6 5	♠ 10 8 7 2	♥ 10 9 8 7 6 5
♦ 10 9 8	♣ 10 9 8	♦ 10 9 8	♣ 10 9 8
♠ 10 9 8	♥ 10 9 8 7 6 5	♠ 10 9 8	♥ 10 9 8 7 6 5
♦ 10 9 8	♣ 10 9 8	♦ 10 9 8	♣ 10 9 8

The bidding: WEST 1NT EAST 4♣

West's opening 1NT was weak, 12-14 points. Although four hearts seemed a natural response, three no trump would have been safer. Only the unlikely opening lead of a low club by North to the king, and the equally unlikely switch to a spade at trick two, would have jeopardized a three no trump contract.

I was in the South seat and toyed with the idea of leading the club king. Even if West, the no-trump opener, had the club ace and queen he would at any rate make the finesse. But I felt that the risk of losing a trick might be too great, and led a low diamond. This gave the declarer the chance to discard a losing spade by winning the first two tricks with high diamonds. Then came the heart king. Now if the clubs split 3-3 and the heart queen were on side the contract would have been cold. So declarer led a spade to the ace and finessed hearts, losing to my queen. I attacked with the club king and we won three clubs and the ruff of a club, setting the contract two tricks short.

There are deals when a quick jump to the desired contract is most effective. But this is less so when the opening bid is one no trump.

## Axel von Ambesser

Hilde Krah

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Tel Aviv, Ohel Shalom: Nov. 3  
Tel Aviv, Ohel Shalom: Nov. 5  
Jerusalem, Jerusalem Theatre: Nov. 7  
Haifa, Municipal Theatre: Nov. 10  
Tel Aviv, Ohel Shalom: Nov. 12  
Jerusalem - CAHANA, Haifa-NOVA

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VALLIEN ADV.







WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1977

FINANCE & BUSINESS

# AVIV STOCKS Prices move lower

AVIV. — The steam went out of the rally as prices moved in a rather trading of almost yesterday. As it is the was ready for a correction, price run-ups.

General index of share prices, 0.89 per cent to 206.09.

Domestic financial sector was as some of the shares were set y profit-taking. I.D.B. pref. as a case in point. It was the most active share and eased e points. I.D.B. ordinary were 18 lower to an even 400. eum remained unchanged at e Hapoalim registered and share finally moved higher, ach gained two points, to 420 3, respectively. Union Bank 2 while Mizrahi eased by and a half.

Large banks were lower, went against the trend and 30 to 688. General Mortgage to 688 and Tefahot was five 685. Ampal, a once-a-week stock, was "buyers only" and 420. Mortgage and Develop- at 11 to 476.

Shareholders rebounded from "post-Cargal fire" losses, was 25 higher at 770. Hasebn changed at 610, but Tsur by 80 to 1,080. Delek was 15 at 870.

development and real estate

**Most Active Issues**

Hapoalim (B) 428+2	IL 3,302,000
I.D.B. Pref. A 227-5	IL 1,960,000
Hapoalim (R) 420+3	IL 1,960,000
Shares Traded:	IL 27.2m.
Convertible:	IL 12.4m.
Index-Linked:	IL 25.5m.
Noted:	IL 11.4m.c.
Demand:	387,000
Turnover:	387,000

**Property & Building**

Special Bonds-10% pref.	670	700
Elron 11.2	408	408
Mehadrin	520	503
I.C.P. Citrus	783	783
West Aviv	815	815
Pri Or Ltd.	858	862
Rasoco - 5% pref.	319	319
Rasoco	280	280

**INDUSTRIAL**

Alliance - B	1240	1280
Elron - 2.5	465	515
Electra - 5	538	525
Aspencan - 5%	585	585
Alia - C	210	208
Dubek	830	822
Elron - 2.5	240	250
Teva	975	1015
Chem. & Phosphates	455	455
Lavon Epstein	265.5	265
Moller Textile	422	422
Paper Mills	339	413
Assia "B"	275.5	275.5
Nesheron 5% pref.	1255	1255
Elite	450.5	455.5
Shemen - 3% pref.	372	370
Frutaron	125	125.5
Frutaron New	174	174
Elron IL2	955	1050

**INVESTMENT COMPANIES**

Elgar	350	400
Elron	710	725
Israel Central Trade	643	620
Hapoalim	488	488
Pas	890	730
Wolman - IL10	267.5	258
Aspencan	295	295
Discomet	454.5	489
United Mizrahi	420	428
Bank Leumi	504	510
Plyron	559	580
Crice	250	261
Cial	420	413
Cial Industries	380.5	381

**FUEL OIL AND UTILITIES**

Naphco OTC	1700	1700
Lapidoth OTC	2100	2100
Jordan Exploration	7881	1225
Shimron Warrants	1010	1110
Delek C	370	355
Israel Electric Corp.	608.5	610.5

**Reported by the  
UNION BANK  
of Israel Ltd.**

b-buyers only; s-sellers only		
Elron	306.5	306.5
Elron IL2	1310	1315
Dev.	287	287

STREET		Reported by the	
DEVELOPMENT		UNION BANK	
BUS		Of Israel Ltd.	
		b-bearer; r-registered	
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**rise**

REK (AP). — The Stock led to a small gain in late yesterday after its broad the last week. The Dow e than 20 points over the ys. was up a fraction of a an hour before the close. outpaced losers by a 7.5 new New York Stock listed issues.

**ED TREASURY** bonds matured but have not emed by their owners, ty date under an amend- e States Loans Law which to committee on the first the Knesset yesterday.

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18.10.77

**Exchange Rates**

10.3895	10.4006
18.3889	18.4007
4.5706	4.5907
2.1381	2.1482
4.2878	4.2987
4.5729	4.5905
9.3418	9.3418
11.6437	11.7019
11.9130	11.9726
6.4143	6.4464

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(ES):

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2.2855/55	per \$
2.2855/55	per \$
880.00/20	per \$
35.34/36	per \$
2.4290/05	per \$
252.40/55	per \$
6.8435/50	per \$
6.0860/75	per \$
4.7860/70	per \$
Kr. 5.4780/90	per \$
\$161.40/70	

**RATES:**

Mon. 5 Mos. 6 Mos.

179/767 1.7949/559 1.7990/500

519/555 2.3355/375 2.3390/165

**Rumour of sale again denied**

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Communications Ministry has again denied it is negotiating the sale of its Engineering Services Division to private interests.

The denial came after reports of an urgent meeting between Yehuda [Axiel], leader of the division's works committee, and Eliahu chief Yehuda Moshel. Axiel told Moshel the sale would result in mass layoffs of workers.

Director-General Moshe Gidron said yesterday, "I cannot understand what is behind this rash of rumours (about sale of the division to a consortium of Telrad Company of Lod and an American firm). Obviously, somebody is interested in alarming the workers."

"An Acting Minister Yoram Aridor and I have stated earlier, no organisational change in the Communications Ministry structure will be made without prior notification being given to the works committee."

**ISRAEL DISCOUNT BANK LTD.**

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ALON	292.24	253.81
OREN	295.93	260.33
ESHTEL	299.11x3	314.72x3
BROSH	251.02	244.86
DOLEV	145.24	141.49
DEKEL	2,992.90	2,792.02
SHAKED	133.07	130.39

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MUTUAL FUNDS OF THE IDB BANKING GROUP

# Dr. Ernst Lehmann: banker extraordinary

By JOSEPH MORGENSTERN  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Dr. Ernst Lehmann is best described as a banker extraordinary and as a humanist, who in more than half a century of service in Israel's banking community has gained a worldwide reputation. His career and achievements are largely associated with the growth of the Bank Leumi Group. Only at the outset of this year, at the age of 75, he stepped down as chairman of the bank's board of directors. His lifelong interest in archaeology, music and art have made him an expert in these fields and express the humanist side of his personality.

Multi-lingual, soft spoken Dr. Lehmann's remarks are punctuated by a quiet sense of humour and old-world charm. In a modest office in the Bank Leumi executive building we discussed some of his views and a tense chapter in his early years with the Anglo-Israeli Bank, today Bank Leumi.

"It was only natural that Bank Leumi expand its activities to overseas locations. Dr. Herzl's vision of a bank was that of a financial institution which would serve the Jewish interest not only in Palestine but all over the world," explained Dr. Lehmann. Today the overseas network of Bank Leumi consists of 38 offices, including four banking subsidiaries, three overseas branches of Bank Leumi, a finance company, a securities investment and trading corporation, and ten representative offices.

As chairman of the board of the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange, Dr. Lehmann is anxious to expand the Exchange's basic role as supplier of capital to industry. At the same time he is a staunch defender of the small broker. He feels that with the recent expansion of trading activity there is now sufficient economic opportunity for small brokers to assume a meaningful position on the Exchange.

Over the course of years at Bank Leumi, where he rose to the position of general manager and later chairman of the board, Dr. Lehmann was involved in many important and sensitive activities.

One of these took place while he was manager of the issue department at the Anglo-Israeli Bank, today Bank Leumi. The incident occurred in the early 1950s, when he was personally responsible for the issue of the currency of Israel and the administration of government loans.

He recalls that the Government had reached the point where it was almost completely out of money. "In those days no one thought of printing money as a panacea for this problem," Dr. Lehmann recalls. Surrounding himself in complete secrecy, he worked out an emergency plan whose main features were the imposition of a 10 per cent compulsory loan on all bank deposits and the withdrawal from circulation of all banknotes. These would be replaced by new ones.

It was asked by the Government first to organize and then to implement the plan. Its successful execution depended on total secrecy. The few people who worked with Dr. Lehmann on the project never kept any notes. In fact the only minutes of meetings were kept by Dr. Lehmann in his coat pocket.

Eliezer Kaplan, the then Minister of Finance, pledged total support for the plan. On the appointed day instructions detailing the plan were printed behind locked doors in mid-afternoon. Promptly at six in the evening the Government convened a special and secret meeting to give its approval to the plan. Fifteen minutes later Eliezer Kaplan called Eliezer Hooten, who headed the bank at the time, to tell him that the Government had approved the plan.

At seven o'clock sharp the bank's branch managers were told of what was about to happen. At 8:30 the country's bankers convened at a special meeting for the same purpose.

At 11 p.m. sharp a fleet of trucks was dispatched to banks all over the country to distribute the new notes and to collect the old ones being withdrawn from circulation. At five in the morning the operation was successfully completed. The tension was finally lifted and Dr. Lehmann was able to go home with the satisfaction that he had helped his country in a moment of financial crisis.

Born in Berlin in 1902 he graduated from Berlin University in 1924. Four years later his banking career was well on its way as he assumed the post of general manager of the Deutsche Realbank AG. At one point he had hoped for a career with the German Reichsbank, but he soon



Dr. Ernst Lehmann (prior)

realized that it offered no future for a Jew.

At the age of 33 he immigrated to Palestine and became manager of the General Mortgage Bank of Palestine. Somewhat less than 20 years after joining Bank Leumi, he became its general manager and three years later, in 1970, he assumed the post of board chairman.

His retirement from Bank Leumi, on reaching the age of 75, was short-lived as he was asked to reassume the role of board chairman. His retirement from that post became final at the beginning of this year. His place has been taken by Ernest I. Japhet, who also serves as the bank's chief executive.

In spite of his youthful bearing, Dr. Lehmann insists that "after 75 a man should retire from active decision-making." Nevertheless, he still serves as chairman of the board of directors of Otzar Hityashuv Hayaevudim, the Africa-Israeli Investment Co., and the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange, which recently re-elected him for an additional term.

If he could have his way, Dr. Lehmann would now devote himself fully to cultural activities. His main regret is that he does not have enough time to pursue his research on the history of banking in antiquity, on which he is preparing a definitive study.

All those who know him are pleased that Dr. Ernst Lehmann continues to contribute to his rich and varied experience to the improvement of our financial system.

# Ten-year plan for industrial development

By ABIEH GREENFIELD  
Special to The Jerusalem Post

The output of Israel's manufacturing plants will be 117 per cent larger in 1985 than it was in 1975. Industrial employment will increase by about 37 per cent and industrial exports by no less than 370 per cent during this ten-year period.

These, briefly, are the conclusions of a study recently completed by the experts of the Ministry of Industry, Commerce and Tourism (Objectives for Israel's Industrial Development, 1976-1985, Industrial Planning Centre, Jerusalem, September 1977). The means for the implementation of this programme — the capital investments to make greater production possible — are of the order of about \$7.5b.

Just to make certain there will be no misunderstandings, let it be stated clearly that this document — commonly termed "The Ten-Year Plan" — was not conceived as a rigid framework imposed on the economy from the top, by law. It is rather one more in a series of research projects, based on present and expected future trends and designed to guide official policy.

The relevance of such a paper depends completely on the expertise of its authors and on the forecasting skills. Comparisons of earlier studies from the same source with subsequent events suggest that the present projection should be regarded with considerable respect.

Most important, perhaps, among the trends forecast for 1985, is the steady process of structural change within Israel's manufacturing. Known intensive branches of production, such as chemicals, electronics and machine building, will expand much more rapidly than the overall average; more traditional branches of industry will grow more slowly. For metalworking and electronics the annual growth rate averages 8.8 per cent; in the food products industry it is predicted to be 5.2 per cent.

Much of the additional output — almost 39 per cent of the production increment — will be exported. In 1975, foreign sales only accounted for some 17 per cent of total manufacturing production, and that will increase to almost 28 per cent in 1985. However, our industry's export drive will not limit itself to more or less narrow specialties; even in areas of production commonly considered earmarked for domestic consumption, more and more quality goods will be sold abroad.

Thus, for example, exports of bakery products are expected to increase three-fold; milk products — such as cheese — will gain 150 per cent, to \$2m. annually, and exports of leather goods should increase by 270 per cent. Foreign sales of textiles and garments will expand by about 220 per cent during these ten years; metal products and electronics, on the other hand, will show a six-fold gain.

All in all, industrial exports are expected to bring the national economy \$5.7b. in 1985 (in terms of 1975 prices) — a gain of 370 per cent in ten years.

This highly ambitious target is by no means overly optimistic. Last year's performance — industrial exports increased 26.5 per cent over 1975 (24.8 per cent if diamonds are excluded) — adds up to a ten-fold increase in the course of a decade. Export statistics so far this year show a similar substantial gain.

Past performance also has been better than the planners dared to guess. From 1966 to 1975, all foreign sales of Israeli products grew by 440 per cent, with industrial exports doing better than the overall average.

Thus it is not unlikely that forecasts will have to be revised upwards in the coming years, as has been the case several times in the past.

The plan was discussed at a press conference in Jerusalem yesterday by the Minister of Industry, Commerce and Tourism, Yigael Hurwitz.

(Leader — Page 5)

# Fund for development town industry

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A IL200m. fund to help finance industries setting up in development towns has been suggested by Amos Mar-Haim, deputy director-general of the Ministry of Industry, Commerce and Tourism.

He said such a fund would not contravene the spirit of the recent Government decision to cancel a "directed" (Government-subsidized) credit, since that decision was not intended to curtail industrial activity in the development towns, but only that of well-established firms.

In a survey of development town industry and its financing, Mar-

# Sending France pate de foie gras

By YITZHAK OKED  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Israel expects to increase its exports of pate de foie gras to France and other European countries from 150 tons this year to 200 tons in 1978. Ya'acov Doron, the managing director of the Poultry Marketing Board, told The Post. Next month Israel will also send a trial shipment of about 15 tons of conard de borborie (Barbarian duck) to France. If this trial shipment proves successful exports of these ducks are expected to be increased to 200 tons next year.

Another new item being tried out is the raising of "green" geese (this is growing the fowl only for their meat, and slaughtering them at the early age of 10 to 12 weeks).

Concerning the supply of regular chicken meat Doron said that during the past few months local demand has been greater than the supply. In consequence the Poultry Board has had to dip into its reserves in cold storage.

# Gov't acts to lower sugar prices

By SHLOMO MAZ  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Government plans to lower the price it pays farmers for their sugar to the level now prevailing in the European Common Market. Importers will also be permitted to bring in sugar freely and eventually the Government's control of the retail price of sugar will be abolished. Should the importers, however, hike up the price of sugar, the Government reserves itself the right to push prices down again by releasing sugar from its stocks.

These changes were announced yesterday by the Minister of Industry, Commerce and Tourism.

In a similar move, the Government, which until now held the sole monopoly on the import of meat, will allow meat product factories to do their own importing. The import of meat for direct sale to the population, however, will remain in Government hands. Similarly, imports of corn and soy will also remain under Government control.

# Boosting trade with the Philippines

MANILA (Reuters). — The Philippines and Israel are expected to exchange missions in May and June of next year in efforts to boost trade with each other. Philippines Trade Secretary Troadio Quizon said yesterday.

He made the announcement following a call on him by Shlomo Newman, secretary-general of Israel's private Economic Organisation Council, who is touring Asia to arrange for a trade mission and exhibition tour next year.

The 20-man Israeli mission will visit the Philippines in May. Israeli ambassador Shlomo Soruya said it would concentrate on agricultural and irrigation equipment, and on chemicals. It was hoped the Philippines would send its mission to Israel the following month.

# Sonol workers worry about their jobs

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — The Belco Petroleum Company in the U.S., owners of Sonol, one of the three main petrol marketing companies here (the others are Paz and Delek), is prepared to sell all or part of its affiliate here. Sonol board chairman Alfredo Rosenzweig said yesterday that he had received several offers. Belco's readiness to sell its affiliate became known when a delegation of Sonol's 400 employees appealed to the Haifa labour council yesterday to protect their interests if, as

# Boosting trade with the Philippines

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## After Mogadishu

CONGRATULATIONS are certainly due to the Federal Republic of Germany and to Chancellor Helmut Schmidt for the splendid operation in which his commando troops early yesterday morning rescued 86 passengers and crew members of a hijacked Lufthansa airliner from the clutches of an international terrorist gang at the airport of Mogadishu.

The smoothness and speed of the operation were most admirable. The decision to take direct action against the pirates was fraught with danger. The lives of many innocent persons were at risk. The easy way out, in the short run, would have been to give in. The Japanese did so only a fortnight ago, in releasing six jailed Red Army terrorists and paying a \$6m. ransom to their five comrade-hijackers who were threatening a Japan Airlines plane.

But the Bonn government took fuller account of the dreadful results that would assuredly flow from appeasement of the hijackers.

The release of 11 members of the Baader-Meinhof gang, along with the payment of a \$15m. ransom, would not only have constituted a rank perversion of justice; it would have brought on an awesome escalation of terrorism, world wide, in the very near future. It would have served as acknowledgement that political crime, however heinous, pays; and it would have produced even more crime.

As it happened, the rescue action came too late to save the life of the airliner's captain, who was murdered in apparent punishment for his efforts to thwart the kidnappers' plans and to relay information about them outside.

Moreover, by ending with the death of three of the four hijackers — and of three of the jailed gang leaders, including Andreas Baader himself — the action may have sealed the fate of abducted industrialist Hanns-Martin Schleyer, who was to have been part of the terrorists' "package deal."

Its sympathy for the grieving families of the innocent withal, the civilized world as a whole is entitled to heave a sigh of relief.

It remains to be seen whether the Germans will have set a standard of conduct in such cases — for the possibility of recurrence of air piracy, despite Mogadishu, cannot be ruled out. No less important is whether the operation is to signal the beginning of the end of the political conciliation of terrorism.

Israel has a direct interest in the event. That is not only because its citizens have been the prime target of terrorist attacks for years, but more specifically because of the unquestioned involvement of the PLO in the latest act of air piracy. For although it remains uncertain whether any of the hijackers were themselves Palestinians, there is little doubt that their orders ultimately came from Dr. Wadi'a Haddad, chief of operations for Dr. George Habash.

The truth must be faced. If terror organizations such as the PLO, which embraces Haddad and Habash, continue to be showered with international honour and recognition; if countries such as Algeria continue to be treated with deference though they serve as asylum for hijackers, the scourge of terrorism will not be eliminated.

## Industrial daydream

THE NEW 10-YEAR industrial development plan presented by Industry and Commerce Minister Hurvitz looks very good on paper.

It is based on perfectly sound arithmetical calculations. If another IL\$4 billion is invested all told by 1985; and if an additional 100,000 workers are attracted to the factories (half of them in the development areas); and if expenditure on research and development is increased tenfold (with 2,000 university graduates and 2,000 technicians added to the staffs engaged on applied science) — if all this is done, then the deficit in visible trade will indeed be slashed, as predicted, from almost \$2.5b. in 1975 to less than one billion dollars in 1985.

But this will not all be brought to happen just by waving a magic wand. Output per worker, for example, has to go up by 4.7 per cent a year, whereas consumption per person may rise by only one per cent (3 per cent after 1980 if all goes well).

Under these circumstances, how is it possible to improve the living standards of industrial workers, as stipulated in the plan, in order to attract more labour to this sector? That would need a freeze or a reduction in the living standards of other branches, which cannot happen under conditions of over-full employment. It has been tried.

And if consumption grows by more than the stated figure, under the pressure of wage demands, say, how will it be possible to make industry profitable enough to attract the huge investments that Hurvitz has in mind — investments that have not been forthcoming in the last four years?

The truth is that it can be done, in fact the whole plan can be fulfilled at a price. And there is no sign yet that the new policymakers in the Likud government are prepared to pay that price.

There is no painless way of bridging a gaping trade deficit. It can only be done if the increase in production is substantially greater than the increase in consumption. At a time when the maintenance workers in El Al are able to shut down the national airline, as they have decided to do next month, unless they are allowed to achieve the exact opposite (maintain earnings unchanged, while reducing production per capita), it is clear that tougher changes in government policy are required than are now in prospect.

The only way to accomplish Mr. Hurvitz's industrial development scheme is, by stopping the injection of money into the economy, to create a competitive situation, where each and every undertaking has to step up its efficiency remorselessly in order to survive.

It is absurd to imagine that all existing firms can be assured of permanent survival, with never a closure, whatever their performance. It is an illusion to expect that every workplace will continue to employ exactly the same number of workers until they retire, as though it were a welfare organization.

The industrial plan requires structural changes, labour mobility, a new economic discipline. Until the government is ready to introduce this long-awaited reform, the latest industrial blue-print will, like some of its predecessors, gather dust on the Ministry's shelves.

History, argues ASHER MANIV, belies the contention that the best place for a political party seeking electoral success is in the centre — or, for that matter, that "historic Mapai" was ever a centre party.

## LEFT, RIGHT, AND CENTRE

ONE OF THE MOST POPULAR myths of Israeli politics is the belief that it is advantageous to be "centre." The myth is often promoted by politicians whose careers have been based on taking non-committal positions on controversial issues. In other cases it is just a matter of electoral calculation.

The fact is that, over the past 30 years, a number of "centre" parties have been established. All of them were what political scientists sometimes call "flash" parties — parties which rise fast and disappear fast (or merge, or change form in one way or another).

Preceding the most recent Knesset election, the idea of setting up a large "centre" bloc was the subject of innumerable discussions, which proved wholly unproductive. What did come out of the Democratic Movement for Change, with its own particular brand of centrism. And now we have the moshav movement of the Labour Party urging a return to "historic Mapai," which allegedly "has always been a centre party."

Some political theorists maintain it is worthwhile for parties to take middle-of-the-road stands in order to attract the "floating vote." Others argue the exact opposite — that parties in democracies tend to be much more radical in their public utterances and platforms than in their actual policies. One can, of course, find dozens of examples, from all over the world, to prove that a wishy-washy, undefinable "consensus" is not necessarily the path to electoral success. But why look far afield? If the middle-of-the-road theory were true, the Likud could never have come to power in Israel. It is so secret, after all, that Herut did not adapt itself to the more "centrist" Liberal attitudes, but that the process went in the opposite direction.

IN ALL FAIRNESS, it should be said that neither the DMC nor the moshav movement can be labelled the only groups reluctant to take a clear position on the political spectrum. Only the parties of the left have never shown any such reluctance, the rest have always followed the practice of claiming to represent "all strata" of the population.

The reason for this is quite simple: since the majority of the population, at least in industrial countries, are wage- or salary-earners, and are therefore viewed as belonging to a class this labour movement claims to represent, any other party wanting to gain a majority has to appear as "classless," or as "putting national above class interest," or as standing for "national unity," or some such slogan.

The current Israeli fashion of saying that the terms "left" and "right" are irrelevant and obsolete is not new. It has existed practically since the left-right sequence first came into common usage, and has been a main argument of large parts of the right and other on-left groups. In particular, this has always been the practice of populist parties — parties which tend to appeal to the mass of the people without wanting to take a stand on the social and class issues which were the basis for class differentiation in all modern democratic countries (except the U.S.).

The distinction between "left" and "right" may be considered no more than semantics. But so is any description of concepts, needed to allow us to communicate with each other.

Those Israeli politicians, who pride themselves on being very "modern" and standing "above old-fashioned party divisions" are certainly not only arguing about semantics. It cannot be insignificant that practically all of them tend clearly towards the right. But even if we accept their theory, we must face a much more delicate question which crops up — if "left" and "right" have lost their meaning nowadays, what is the basis for party differentiation?

If there is no room for party differentiation because of the so-called "national consensus," or because the political issues of our day cut across party lines — then either you do not need parties at all, or they are only more or less accidental alliances of politicians who aspire to office and hope to achieve it by pooling their efforts.

For better or for worse, the Israeli political system is built on the European and not the American model. And research shows that the Israeli public expects its parties to take ideological-political stands.

WITH THE ADVENT of the DMC, it looked for a time as if this time-honoured political tradition would be finally shattered. But the DMC's

## Dry Bones



reason for its lack of clarity of aims, but a symptom of it. Small wonder, then, that the bewildered public (including DMC voters) prefers parties whose position is better known.

NO LESS CONFUSED is the moshav movement's resolution on "historic Mapai." The assertion that Mapai had always been a "centre" movement is based on pure ignorance of history.

Except for a short time at the end of the 40's and the beginning of the 50's, Mapai had always been a party of the left, calling itself Socialist, stressing its difference from the "bourgeois" sector (which includes both right and centre), concentrating its public discussions on the dispute with the right. The only exception to this rule occurred at a time when Mapai was still a fairly large and united party and had to be considered a major political force, at the time when Soviet prestige here was at its zenith.

However, Mapai captured its famous "hegemony" in the Zionist movement as the party of the left and in most phases of its history it never considered itself as anything else. Some of its greatest electoral

successes were achieved at when its disputes with the right centre were most outspoken. The 30's, for instance, or in 1949. True, it was a mass party — were most parties of the left the world, which did not make any less left. Even Ben-Gurion cited maxim "from class to class" was not meant to suggest — wrongly interpreted — the aim of the working class. B.G. really said was that a party had achieved hegemony working class, it should try to same in the national institution.

What, then, remains of the movement's recent resolute breaking-up of the Allgame Mapai.

This is, of course, in total tradition to what was the clearest platform stand of "Mapai" — the striving for movement unity. In other words, we strip that resolution of philosophical trimmings; just another attempt to push towards the right. It is most that such a move would count the revival of Labour's strength, considering what happened recently to the DI

### READERS' LETTERS

**HALACHA**  
To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post  
Sir, — Moshe Kohn treats our readers once more (October 8) to a confused disquisition about "the Halacha," in the manner of "Halacha defined itself and continues to define itself..."

This sort of talk, I submit, is at best misleading and at worst nonsensical. The Halacha does nothing at all, only the functionaries who manage it can do things. When earlier this year I argued in my Hebrew book, *Teorutia Tahaviti* ("Jewish Theology"), that there is only one unalterable article of Halacha, namely that Halacha is whatever its authorized exponents say it is, there was a general onslaught on me, and your resident sermonizer distinguished himself with two one-man sorties. But the fact remains that the whole debate about the Reform and Conservative movements is about authority and not about content. This much is admitted, rather inconsistently, by Kohn himself when he says, so engagingly, at the end of his article, that should the Conservative become majority, "then, of course, they will be our Orthodox..."

**MACHAL REUNION**  
To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post  
Sir, — During the period immediately preceding and subsequent to the establishment of the State of Israel, about 4,500 to 5,000 volunteers (Machalniks) came from abroad to fight for Israel in its crucial struggle for survival — the War of Liberation.

These volunteers came from 16 different countries — mainly from the United States, South Africa, France, England and Canada. They came too from South America, the Scandinavian countries, Holland, Belgium, Italy, Switzerland, Spain, Finland, India, Australia.

About 350 Machalniks settled in Israel. In 1968 and 1973, at the invitation of the Government of Israel, Machalniks from abroad as well as from Israel participated in the memorable 20th and 25th anniversaries of our Independence.

The third Machal Reunion will take place in May 1978. A most attractive programme will be arranged, including tours of the country, visits to Air Force and Army bases, a splendid get-together at Bnei Brach and participation in the "Veterans' Parade" which will be the highlight of the 30th Independence Day celebrations.

To honour those members of Machal who fell in battle, a Remembrance Service will be held in the Machal Forest in the Judean Hills.

All Machalniks living in Israel are requested to get in touch with the undersigned at El Al Building, Tel Aviv.

**SMOKY SIMON,**  
Vice-Chairman, World Machal, Tel Aviv.

**FORENSIC MEDICINE**  
To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post  
Sir, — With reference to your Postscript of October 5 concerning the Institute of Forensic Medicine, we would like to draw your attention to the following facts:

1. The investigation of the cause of sudden death, especially in a young person, is usually a long and complex process which involves various examinations that go on long after the deceased has been buried. We do admit that in the specific case to which you refer, a longer than usual period of time passed before we came to our final conclusion. This was due to certain conditions at the Institute, and we deeply regret the delay.

2. To the best of our knowledge, the Institute has never dealt with the U.S. Consulate in Jerusalem, so we are astonished to learn that "whenever the Institute is involved, there is usually trouble." In the meantime, a full report of the results of the post mortem examination has been sent to the family.

The staff of the Institute of Forensic Medicine strive to do their work as best as they can and will continue to do so in spite of the quite difficult conditions in which they work.

**DR. B. BLOCH,**  
Acting Director,  
The L. Greenberg Institute of Forensic Medicine  
Tel Aviv.

**DISCRIMINATION**  
To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post  
Sir, — According to your issue of October 10, a British company was granted permission to fly charters between London and Tel Aviv on condition that it restrict its passengers to Christians, as stipulated by the Israelis.

What would happen if a country such as France similarly restricted travel? Cries of anti-Semitism would abound. That Israel should see fit to discriminate against Jews does not make the situation any more palatable.

**HONEY WALDMAN BERNSTEIN**  
Moshav Masua.

**SENIOR CITIZEN TOURISTS**  
To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post  
Sir, — The benefits which flow from the granting of reduced touring rates to students and youth are inescapable. This arrangement, not only helps to broaden the horizons of young people, but fills up what would otherwise be empty places on aircraft and buses and increases tourism.

It is distressing that the tourism industry has failed to note the benefits which would result from extending reduced rates to senior citizens and pensioners above the age of 60. Such a measure would not only fill the seats of these people, but also empty places on aircraft and buses and empty rooms in hotels.

Tel Aviv **HARRY E. ZUCKER**

**CLEAN SIDEWALKS**  
To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post  
Sir, — As a reader of your paper for many years and a frequent visitor to Israel, I would make two comments on your report concerning the law that merchants must clean the sidewalks outside their shops.

Being a resident of Canada, I would like to point out to these merchants that it is far more pleasant to clean the rubble, dust and litter outside one's store than one to three feet of snow and ice which is the requirement here. Secondly, people will be much happier to enter their stores if they do not have to wade through the shifting sands of newspapers and other litter in front of them.

**M. J. LEWIS**  
Downsview (Toronto), Canada.

**JEWISH SUPPORT**  
To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post  
Sir, — I take issue with Rabbi Arthur Hertzberg's warning to Israel concerning American Jewish support for Israel's settlement policy in what Hertzberg calls the "West Bank" (October 2). What vote or mandate from the American Jewish grass-roots community gives Rabbi Hertzberg the right to speak for American Jews besides himself and his associates of the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations?

Let us not forget that Rabbi Hertzberg was among Richard Nixon's Jewish operatives who meekly submitted to Nixon's phoney blackmail during the Yom Kippur War, when he attempted to hold up aid to Israel in order to extort a pledge of withdrawal of support for the Jackson Amendment. We must also remember that it was Rabbi Hertzberg who called on Jews to "reassess themselves" regarding Israel after the Rabin Government stood up to Kissinger in spring 1975.

The Jewish masses stand wholeheartedly behind Israel whatever Rabbi Hertzberg or the other "leaders" say.

**MARK BURT**  
Public Affairs Chairman  
Herut — Zionist Revolutionaries of America  
Cornwall Heights, PA.

**CRUELTY TO ANIMALS**  
To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post  
Sir, — I was disgusted by the TV programme "Multi-Television," in which a so-called poet performed with a live fish. We witnessed the last dying gasps of this poor creature and had to watch while it choked and struggled in the hands of a cruel man.

I believe a public apology is due to all the decent people who, like myself and my wife, were horrified by this base act.

**G.M. BARON**  
Hatta.

### PRESENT-DAY SURVIVAL

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post  
Sir, — On reading the first part of the article, "The general with the phantom army" (October 3), one gets the impression that the author, Mr. Meir Merhav, is a realist with proper disdain for anything utopian. He uses all the classic arguments, conjuring the demographic devil and using proper sarcasm when speaking of ally.

But the last few paragraphs of this article sound more utopian than all the sayings of Ari' Sharon and Human Forat combined. All that is required, Merhav says, is peace with the Arabs and a better society. The implication is, of course, that this objective can be easily achieved by giving back Judea and Samaria.

If one really aspires to be a realist, then one has to admit once and for all the simple, evident and sad fact that Israel-Arab peace is a utopian concept for the foreseeable future, no matter what we do. We are right now in the middle of the war, even if there is a momentary lull in actual fighting.

Did it ever occur in the history of mankind that an army retires the middle of a war because demographic considerations should we put the cart before the horse and worry about demographic situation in 1,200 instead of concentrating on the present-day and security?

**DR. JACOB NETANYA**

**DIRTY BREA**  
To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post  
Sir, — Your article of October 3 about our bread having rat droppings in it is the most nauseating thing I have read in our lamentable quality of life. The lame excuses for the ruling clique don't hold water recommendation of the Minister to establish a Censorship Authority is just another example of passing the buck. I am going to work coherently to eliminate the evil.

**HAIM NETANYA**

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**HONEY WALDMAN BERNSTEIN**  
Moshav Masua.